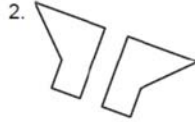
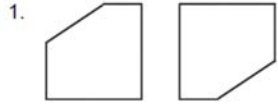


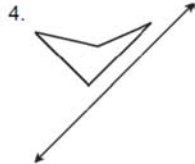
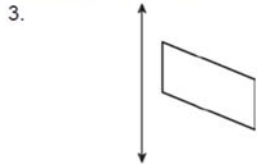
# Chapter 9 Review Worksheet B

**LESSON 9-1** Reteach  
Reflections

Tell whether each transformation appears to be a reflection.

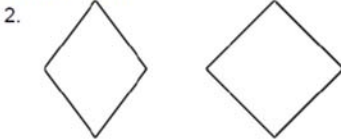
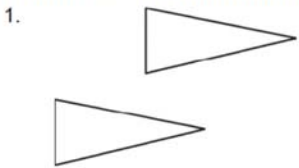


Copy each figure and the line of reflection. Draw the reflection of the figure across the line.

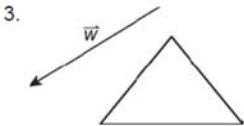


**LESSON 9-2** Reteach  
Translations

Tell whether each transformation appears to be a translation.



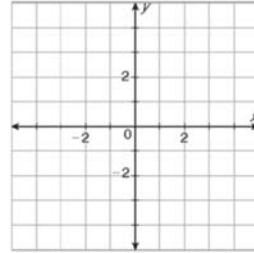
Copy each figure and the translation vector. Draw the translation of the figure along the given vector.



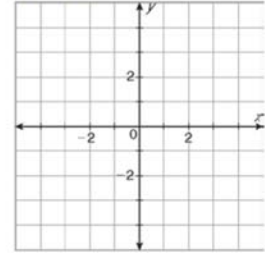
**LESSON 9-1** Reteach  
Reflections

Reflect the figure with the given vertices across the line.

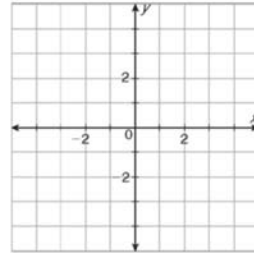
5.  $M(2, 4)$ ,  $N(4, 2)$ ,  $P(3, -2)$ ;  $y$ -axis



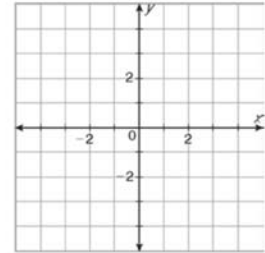
6.  $T(-4, 1)$ ,  $U(-3, 4)$ ,  $V(2, 3)$ ,  $W(0, 1)$ ;  $x$ -axis



7.  $Q(-3, -1)$ ,  $R(2, 4)$ ,  $S(2, 1)$ ;  $x$ -axis



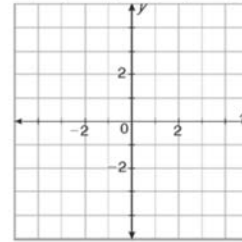
8.  $A(-2, 4)$ ,  $B(1, 1)$ ,  $C(-5, -1)$ ;  $y = x$



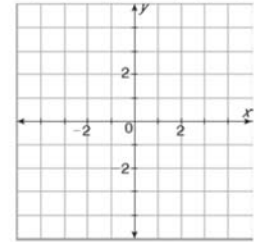
**LESSON 9-2** Reteach  
Translations

Translate the figure with the given vertices along the given vector.

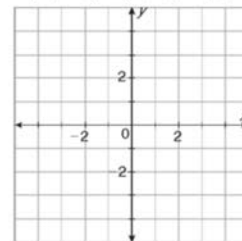
5.  $E(-2, -4)$ ,  $F(3, 0)$ ,  $G(3, -4)$ ;  $\langle 0, 3 \rangle$



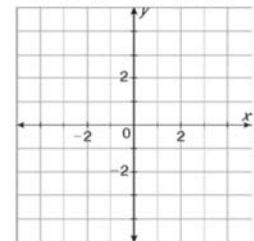
6.  $P(-4, -1)$ ,  $Q(-1, 3)$ ,  $R(0, -4)$ ;  $\langle 4, 1 \rangle$



7.  $A(1, -2)$ ,  $B(1, 0)$ ,  $C(3, 1)$ ,  $D(4, -3)$ ;  $\langle -5, 3 \rangle$



8.  $G(-3, 4)$ ,  $H(4, 3)$ ,  $J(1, 2)$ ;  $\langle -1, -6 \rangle$



**LESSON** Practice A  
**9-2** Translations

10. Leigh and Derek are tossing a flying disc. Leigh stands at (2, 5) and throws the disc to Derek at (11, 0). Find the translation vector from Leigh to Derek.

\_\_\_\_\_

**LESSON** Practice B  
**9-2** Translations

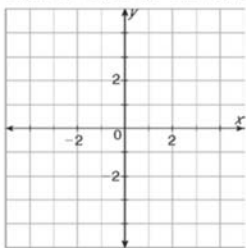
11. A builder is trying to level out some ground with a front-end loader. He picks up some excess dirt at (9, 16) and then maneuvers through the job site along the vectors  $\langle -6, 0 \rangle$ ,  $\langle 2, 5 \rangle$ , and  $\langle 8, 10 \rangle$  to get to the spot to unload the dirt. Find the coordinates of the unloading point. Find a single vector from the loading point to the unloading point.

\_\_\_\_\_

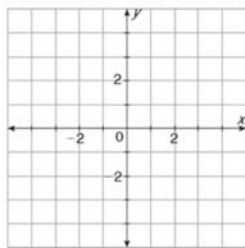
**LESSON** Reteach  
**9-3** Rotations

Rotate the figure with the given vertices about the origin using the given angle.

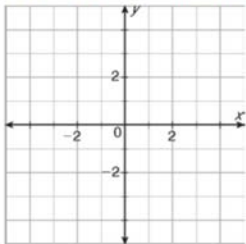
5.  $R(0, 0)$ ,  $S(3, 1)$ ,  $T(2, 4)$ ;  $90^\circ$



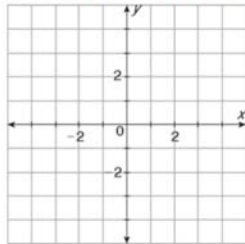
6.  $A(0, 0)$ ,  $B(-4, 2)$ ,  $C(-1, 4)$ ;  $180^\circ$



7.  $E(0, 3)$ ,  $F(3, 5)$ ,  $G(4, 0)$ ;  $180^\circ$

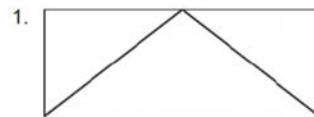


8.  $U(1, -1)$ ,  $V(4, -2)$ ,  $W(3, -4)$ ;  $90^\circ$

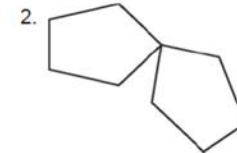


**LESSON** Reteach  
**9-3** Rotations

Tell whether each transformation appears to be a rotation.



\_\_\_\_\_

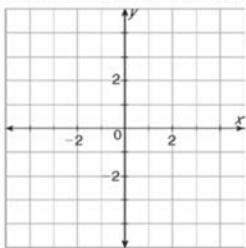


\_\_\_\_\_

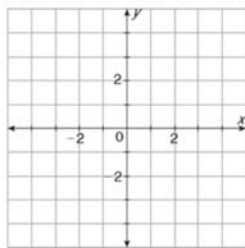
**LESSON** Reteach  
**9-3** Rotations

Rotate the figure with the given vertices about the origin using the given angle.

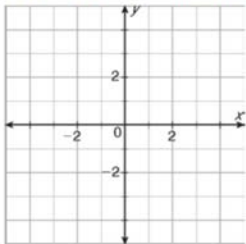
5.  $R(0, 0)$ ,  $S(3, 1)$ ,  $T(2, 4)$ ;  $90^\circ$



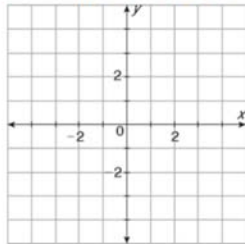
6.  $A(0, 0)$ ,  $B(-4, 2)$ ,  $C(-1, 4)$ ;  $180^\circ$



7.  $E(0, 3)$ ,  $F(3, 5)$ ,  $G(4, 0)$ ;  $180^\circ$

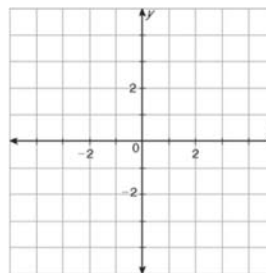


8.  $U(1, -1)$ ,  $V(4, -2)$ ,  $W(3, -4)$ ;  $90^\circ$

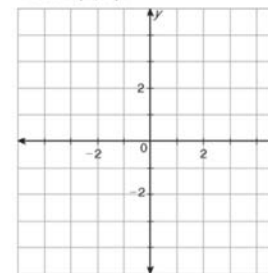


**LESSON** Reteach  
**9-4** Compositions of Transformations

3.  $\triangle ABC$  has vertices  $A(0, -1)$ ,  $B(3, 4)$ , and  $C(3, 1)$ . Rotate  $\triangle ABC$   $180^\circ$  about the origin and then reflect it across the  $x$ -axis.



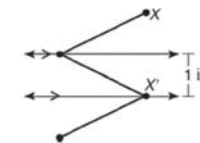
4.  $\triangle QRS$  has vertices  $Q(2, 1)$ ,  $R(4, -2)$ , and  $S(1, -3)$ . Reflect  $\triangle QRS$  across the  $y$ -axis and then translate it along the vector  $\langle 1, 3 \rangle$ .



**LESSON** Practice A  
**9-4** Compositions of Transformations

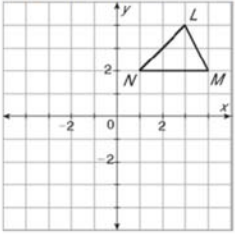
7. To make part of a zigzag pattern, Aubree draws a line segment and then reflects it twice across lines through endpoints of the segments. The lines are parallel and 1 inch apart. Find the distance from  $X$  to  $X'$ .

\_\_\_\_\_



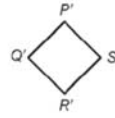
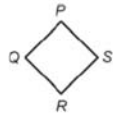
**LESSON 9-4** Practice A  
Compositions of Transformations

6.  $\triangle LMN$  has vertices  $L(3, 4)$ ,  $M(4, 2)$ , and  $N(1, 2)$ . Rotate  $\triangle LMN$   $180^\circ$  about the origin and then translate it along the vector  $\langle 0, 4 \rangle$ .



Complete Exercises 8–10 to draw two lines of reflection that produce a transformation equivalent to a translation.

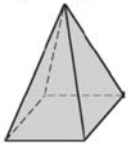
- Draw dashed segment  $\overline{PP'}$ . Locate the midpoint of this segment and label it  $T$ .
- Locate the midpoints of  $\overline{PT}$  and  $\overline{P'T}$ . Label them  $U$  and  $V$ .
- Draw lines through  $U$  and  $V$  perpendicular to  $\overline{PP'}$ .



**LESSON 9-5** Reteach  
Symmetry

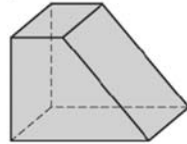
Tell whether each figure has plane symmetry, symmetry about an axis, both, or neither.

5. square pyramid



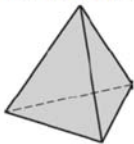
\_\_\_\_\_

6. prism



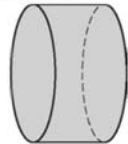
\_\_\_\_\_

7. triangular pyramid



\_\_\_\_\_

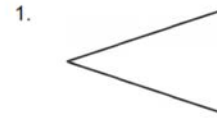
8. cylinder



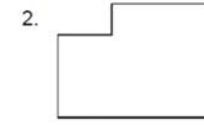
\_\_\_\_\_

**LESSON 9-5** Reteach  
Symmetry

Tell whether each figure has line symmetry. If so, draw all lines of symmetry.

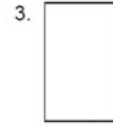


\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_

Tell whether each figure has rotational symmetry. If so, give the angle of rotational symmetry and the order of the symmetry.



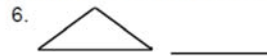
\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_

**LESSON 9-5** Practice A  
Symmetry

Tell whether each figure has line symmetry. If so, draw all lines of symmetry.



\_\_\_\_\_

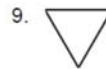


\_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_

Tell whether each figure has rotational symmetry. If so, give the angle of rotational symmetry and the order of the symmetry.



\_\_\_\_\_

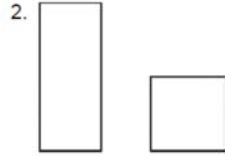
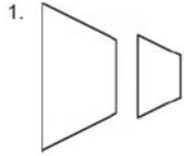


\_\_\_\_\_



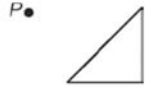
\_\_\_\_\_

Tell whether each transformation appears to be a dilation.

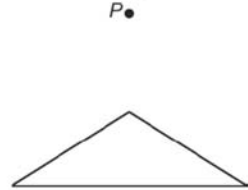


Copy each triangle and center of dilation. Draw the image of the triangle under a dilation with the given scale factor.

3. scale factor: 2

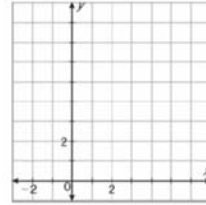


4. scale factor:  $\frac{1}{2}$

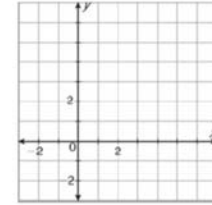


Draw the image of the figure with the given vertices under a dilation with the given scale factor and centered at the origin.

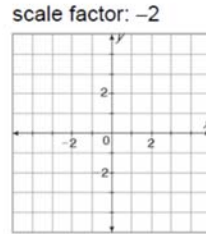
5.  $J(0, 0)$ ,  $K(-1, 2)$ ,  $L(3, 4)$ ; scale factor: 2



6.  $A(0, 0)$ ,  $B(0, 6)$ ,  $C(6, 3)$ ; scale factor:  $\frac{1}{3}$



7.  $R(1, 0)$ ,  $S(1, -2)$ ,  $T(-1, -2)$ ;



8.  $G(2, 0)$ ,  $H(0, 4)$ ,  $I(4, 2)$ ; scale factor:  $-\frac{1}{2}$

