

5-2 Factoring Special Products

Difference of 2 Squares: $A^2 - B^2 = (A - B)(A + B)$

Ex. 1 $162x^2 - 242$
 $2(81x^2 - 121)$
 $2(9x+11)(9x-11)$

Ex. 2 $(x^2 - 3x + 2)^2 - 144$
 $((x^2 - 3x + 2) + 12)((x^2 - 3x + 2) - 12)$
 $(x^2 - 3x + 14)(x^2 - 3x - 10)$
 $(x^2 - 3x + 14)(x + 2)(x - 5)$

Trinomial Squares: $A^2 + 2AB + B^2 = (A + B)^2$

MEMORIZE

$A^2 - 2AB + B^2 = (A - B)^2$

Ex. 3 $49x^2 - 14x + 1$
 $(7x)^2 - 2(7x)(1) + (1)^2$
 $= (7x - 1)^2$

Ex. 4 $75x^3 - 180x^2 + 108x$
 $3x(25x^2 - 60x + 36)$
 $3x(5x - 6)^2$

Ex. 5 $4x^{2n} - 12x^n + 9$
 $(2x^n)^2 - 2(2x^n)(3) + (3)^2$
 $= (2x^n - 3)^2$

The zeros of a function are values of x that make the value of the function equal 0.

Ex. 6 Find the zeros $y = 2x^2 - 16x + 24$.

$$\div 2 \quad [0 = 2x^2 - 16x + 24]$$

$$0 = x^2 - 8x + 12$$

$$0 = (x-6)(x-2)$$

Zeros: 6, 2