

# AP WORLD CHANGES FOR THIS UNIT

- ◉ Extra Credit Enrichment
- ◉ Google Review (available tomorrow but I need to know your partners today)
- ◉ Unit 3 Key Concepts Review (due the day of the unit test - the Tuesday before Thanksgiving)
- ◉ Get a Five

# GET A FIVE

## Student instructions

1. Visit [getafive.com](https://getafive.com) and click on "I'm a student".
2. On the students page, choose "AP World History".
3. On the AP World History page, click on the "Enroll now" button.
4. Create an account or log in if you're already signed up.
5. You're now in your personal Study Room.
6. Click on the "Join a Class" tab on the left and enter this code: **C4UJCMK**



# REGIONAL AND TRANSREGIONAL INTERACTIONS

c. 600 C.E. to c. 1450

# KEY CONCEPT 3.1

- ◉ Expansion and Intensification of Communication and Exchange Networks
  - Although Afro-Eurasia and the Americas remained separate from one another, this era witnessed a deepening and widening of old and new networks of human interaction within and across regions.
  - The results were unprecedented concentrations of wealth and the intensification of cross-cultural exchanges.
  - Innovations in transportation, state policies, and mercantile practices contributed to the expansion and development of commercial networks, which in turn served as conduits for cultural, technological, and biological diffusion within and between various societies.
  - Pastoral or nomadic groups played a key role in creating and sustaining these networks.
  - Expanding networks fostered greater interregional borrowing, while at the same time sustaining regional diversity.
  - The prophet Muhammad promoted Islam, a new major monotheistic religion at the start of this period.
  - It spread quickly through practices of trade, warfare, and diffusion characteristic of this period.



## KEY CONCEPT 3.1

- I. Improved transportation technologies and commercial practices led to an increased volume of trade, and expanded the geographical range of existing and newly active trade networks.
  - A. Existing trade routes flourished and promoted the growth of powerful new trading cities.



# EXISTING TRADE ROUTES

- ◉ The Silk Roads
- ◉ The Mediterranean Sea
- ◉ The Trans-Saharan
- ◉ The Indian Ocean basins



# NEW TRADING CITIES

- ◉ Novgorod
- ◉ Timbuktu
- ◉ The Swahili city-states
- ◉ Hangzhou
- ◉ Calicut
- ◉ Baghdad
- ◉ Melaka
- ◉ Venice
- ◉ Tenochtitlan
- ◉ Cahokia



# NEW TRADE ROUTES DEVELOPED

- ◉ Centering on Mesoamerica and the Andes

