

CHAPTER 3 OUTLINE

PRIOR KNOWLEDGE NEEDED:

- The effects that the Protestant Reformation had on settling of the Northern English colonies.
- The causes of the Reformation

KEY TERMS:

Visible saints, predestination, separatists, non-separatists, Great English migration, Bible Commonwealth, antinomianism, blue laws, Glorious revolution, Dominion of New England, salutary neglect, Quakers, Confederation of New England.

KEY HISTORICAL FIGURES:

John Calvin, John Winthrop, John Cotton, Roger Williams, Anne Hutchinson, Thomas Hooker, Charles I, Charles II, Oliver Cromwell, Metacom, Sir Edmund Andros, Peter Stuyvesant, William Penn, Lord De La Warr.

KEY TOPICS FOR DISCUSSION:

- What effect did Calvinism have on the northern English colonies?
- What factors contributed to the Great English migration?
- What type of social and political structure did was established in the New England colonies?
- What was the relationship between the Plymouth colony, Massachusetts Bay colony, and the larger New England area?
- What lead to the tensions between The New England colonies and the Native Americans? What was the outcome of that?
- Who were the political dissenters in the Massachusetts Bay colony and how were they dealt with?
- Compare and contrast the lives of indentured servants versus other English immigrants.
- How did the English Civil War and the Glorious revolution impact the English colonies? How did this help to unite the colonies? How did the Navigation Acts affect this relationship?
- Compare Dutch exploration and settlement to that of the English.
- What were the successes and failures of the “Quaker experiment”?
- How did the middle colonies mold a mixture of northern and Chesapeake colonies?

OUTSIDE SOURCES:

Nash 66-73. Unraveling the Pilgrim myth

Zinn Ch 1 & 2. The impact of indentured servitude