

French Revolution Worksheet

Name _____

Vocabulary:

Estates General –

Tennis Court Oath –

Bastille –

Limited Monarchy –

Sans Culottes --

Emigres –

Jacobin -

Short Answer Questions:

1. In the 1700's _____ was very prosperous and was the center of the _____
2. The French Government was often referred to as the _____. Society was divided into 3 estates. They were:
 - A. 1st Estate made up of _____
 - B. 2nd Estate made up of _____
 - C. 3rd Estate made up of _____
3. Why were the first 2 Estates so against the ideas of the Enlightenment?
4. Why did the 3rd Estate resent the first 2 Estates?
5. What 3 factors led to the French Revolution?
 - A.
 - B.
 - C.

6. Why did the first 2 Estates always outvote the 3rd Estate even though the 3rd Estate made up 98% of the people?
7. Why did the 3rd Estate establish a National Assembly?
8. What 2 Frenchmen helped inspire the 3rd Estate to fight for Individual Rights?
9. Because of the _____ the Aristocracy eliminated all privileges and wrote the _____ of the _____ of _____. In it it stated the ideas of the Enlightenment such as:
- A. All men are born _____ and _____.
 - B. Freedom of _____ and _____
 - C. _____ Rights of man
- 10 The French then established a _____ Monarchy and created a _____ Assembly to create laws and approve or prevent wars.
11. One of the areas that still upset the lower class was that the _____ still controlled the Church and all its money.
12. Despite all the changes there was still a large measure of disagreement. Most of the people were divided into 3 groups. What were they and what did they believe?
- A. _____ stood for _____
 - B. _____ stood for _____
 - D. _____ stood for _____
13. Why did Austria and Prussia come to the aid of Louis XVI ?
14. After defeating the Austrians the French gave up on the idea of a Limited Monarchy and started a _____ which
- A. Abolished the _____.
 - B. Started a _____ where all _____ citizens could vote and hold office.
 - C. Executed the _____
15. Terror continued under _____, leader of the Committee of Public Safety. It is estimated that _____ people were killed by the _____ during this Time. It is often referred to as the _____ of _____.

16. Tired of the fear and terror France established a new government called the _____ made up of _____ men. They then selected _____ to be commander of their army.
17. After many victories Napoleon became Emperor of France. What was his main goal?
18. He was eventually captured and sent to _____, where he escaped. Napoleon was finally defeated at _____ by the Duke of _____ and sent _____ where he eventually died.
19. Who was the leader of the Congress of Vienna? _____ What countries attended the Congress of Vienna?
20. What was the major idea that came out of the Congress of Vienna?
21. Why is the Congress of Vienna considered one of the most successful treaties in History?