

## 7.2 Using Properties of Real and Rational Exponents

Std. 12.0

Examples: Simplify to an integer or fraction if possible; or leave in simplest radical form.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{1} \quad \frac{x^{5\sqrt{2}}}{x^{\sqrt{2}}} &= x^{5\sqrt{2} - 1\sqrt{2}} = x^{4\sqrt{2}} \\
 \text{2} \quad \frac{x^1 y^{-1/5}}{x^{1/3} y^{4/5}} &= \frac{x^{2/3}}{y^{4/5} \cdot y^{1/5}} = \frac{x^{2/3}}{y} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}{y} \\
 \text{3} \quad \left( \frac{54^{1/4}}{27^{1/4}} \right)^2 &= \frac{54^{1/2}}{27^{1/2}} = \left( \frac{54}{27} \right)^{1/2} = 2^{1/2} = \sqrt{2} \\
 &\quad \frac{2^{1/4} \cdot 27^{1/4}}{27^{1/4}} \quad \frac{a^n}{b^n} \rightarrow \left( \frac{a}{b} \right)^n
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{4} \quad \left( 27^{1/2} \cdot 3^{1/2} \right)^{-3} &= \left( (27 \cdot 3)^{1/2} \right)^{-3} = \left( 81^{1/2} \right)^{-3} = \frac{81^{-3/2}}{\sqrt{81}} = 9^{-3} = \frac{1}{9^3} = \frac{1}{729} \\
 &\quad (ab)^n = a^n b^n \\
 \text{5} \quad \sqrt[3]{9} \cdot \sqrt[4]{3} &= \sqrt[3]{3^2} \cdot \sqrt[4]{3} = 3^{2/3} \cdot 3^{1/4} = 3^{11/12} = \sqrt[12]{3^{11}} \\
 \text{6} \quad \frac{\sqrt[5]{49} \cdot \sqrt{7}}{\sqrt[4]{49}} &= \frac{\sqrt[5]{7^2} \cdot \sqrt[2]{7}}{\sqrt[4]{7^2}} = \frac{7^{2/5} \cdot 7^{1/2}}{7^{1/2}} = \sqrt[5]{49}
 \end{aligned}$$