

Simplify:

1. $(6x^3 + 3x^2 - 5x - 1) - 3(7x^3 + 3x - 6)$ 2. $2x(9x^n + 5)(9x^n - 5)$

3. $(x+1)^2(2x^2 - 3x + 1)$ 4. $-2x(8x^2 + 3y^2)^2$

5. Use Pascal's Triangle to expand and simplify: $(2x^2 - 3y)^5$

6. Use polynomial long division to find the quotient: $(4x^5 - 8x^3 + 4x^2 + 3x - 8) \div (2x^2 - 1)$

7. Is $-i\sqrt{2}$ a zero of $f(x) = x^4 + x^3 + 2x - 4$? Explain your answer.8. Is $x + 4$ a factor of $p(x) = 2x^4 - x^3 - 42x^2 + 16x + 120$? Explain your answer.Factor completely: 9. $512x^{16} - 2$

10. $125x^6 + 27y^3$

11. $25x^8 - 110x^4y^3 + 121y^6$

12. $(x+2)^4 + (x+2)$

Solve over the complex numbers:

13. $2x^4 - 50 = 0$

14. $3x^3 = 24$

15. $3x^5 - 10x^3 = 8x^3 + 48x$

Find the zeros of the each function:

16. $f(x) = 4x^4 - 7x^2 - 36$

17. $f(x) = 15x^3 + 10x^2 - 105x - 70$

18. Factor $p(x) = 2x^3 + 7x^2 - 33x - 18$, given that $p(-6) = 0$.19. List all possible rational zeros of $p(x) = 6x^4 - 3x^3 + x + 10$.20. Given that $\frac{3}{4}$ is a zero of $f(x) = 8x^5 + 30x^4 + 37x^3 + 8x^2 - 26x - 12$, find the other zeros.21. Write the simplest polynomial function that has these zeros: $-\frac{1}{2}, 3i, 2 + \sqrt{3}$.22. Describe the end behavior of the function $f(x) = -2x^5 + 6x^3 + x^2 - 2$.Write the rule for function $g(x)$.23. $g(x)$ reflects $f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x - 6$ across the y-axis24. $g(x)$ translates $f(x) = (x-4)^5 - 2$ left 6 and up 525. $g(x)$ compresses $f(x) = x^3 - 6$ horizontally by a factor of $\frac{1}{3}$ 26. $g(x)$ stretches $f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x - 6$ by a factor of 2 and reflects it across the x-axisSelected answers: 1. $-15x^3 + 3x^2 - 14x + 17$ 2. $162x^{2n+1} - 50x$ 3. $2x^4 + x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 1$

4. $-128x^5 - 96x^3y - 18xy^2$

5. $32x^{10} - 240x^8y + 720x^6y^2 - 1080x^4y^3 + 810x^2y^4 - 243y^5$

6. $2x^3 - 3x + 2 - \frac{6}{2x^2 - 1}$

7. Yes 8. No 9. $2(16x^8 + 1)(4x^4 + 1)(2x^2 + 1)(2x^2 - 1)$

10. $(5x^2 + 3y)(25x^4 - 15x^2y + 9y^2)$

11. $(5x^4 - 11y^3)^2$

12. $(x+2)(x+3)(x^2 + 3x + 3)$

13. $\pm\sqrt{5}, \pm i\sqrt{5}$

14. $-2, -1 \pm i\sqrt{3}$

15. $0, \pm 2\sqrt{2}, \pm i\sqrt{2}$

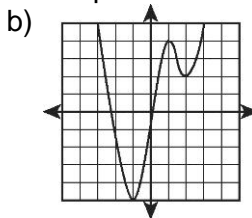
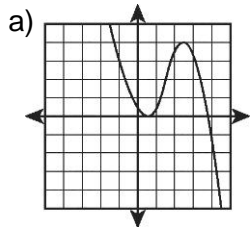
16. $\pm 2, \pm \frac{3}{2}i$

17. $\pm\sqrt{7}, \frac{-2}{3}$

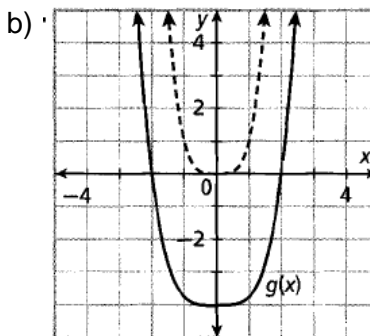
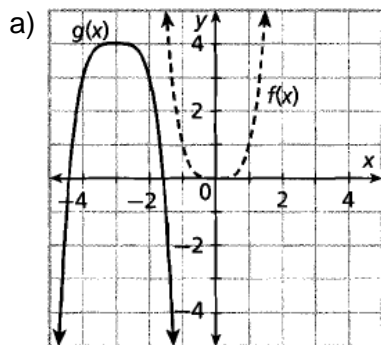
18. $p(x) = (x+6)(2x+1)(x-3)$ 20. $\frac{3}{4}, \frac{-1}{2}, -2, -1 \pm i$ 21. $f(x) = 2x^5 - 7x^4 + 16x^3 - 62x^2 - 18x + 9$

Do problems #27-32 on this page.

27. Is the function even or odd? Is the leading coefficient positive or negative?

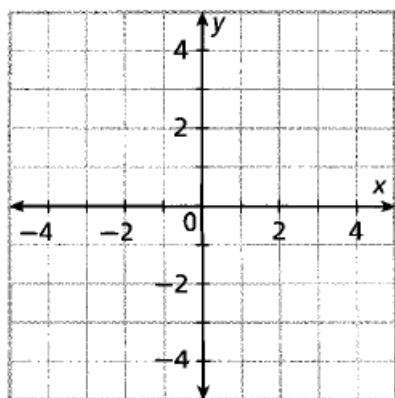


28. The graph of $g(x)$ is the graph of $f(x) = x^4$ after a series of transformations. Describe the transformations and write the equation for $g(x)$.

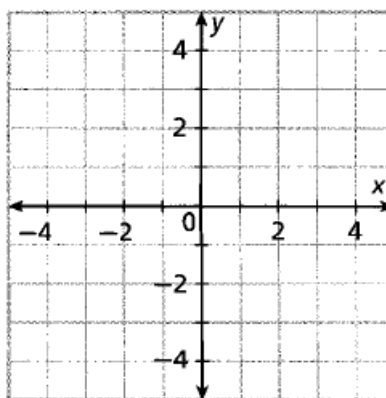


Graph #29-32. For #29 and #30, create an $x|y$ table of values for points between the zeros.

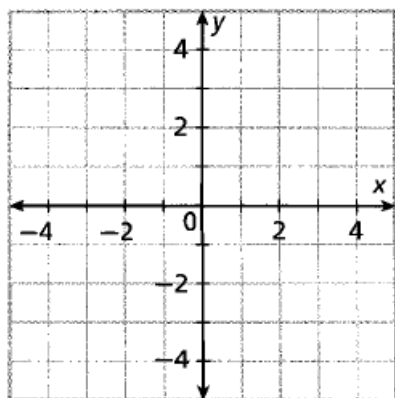
29. $f(x) = \frac{1}{10}(x+3)(x-1)(x-4)$



30. $f(x) = \frac{1}{12}(x+4)(x-3)(x+1)^2$



31. $f(x) = -(x-2)^4 - 1$



32. $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^3 + 2$

