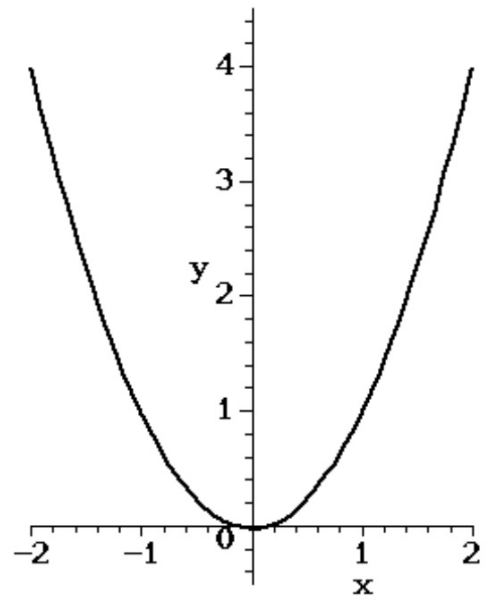
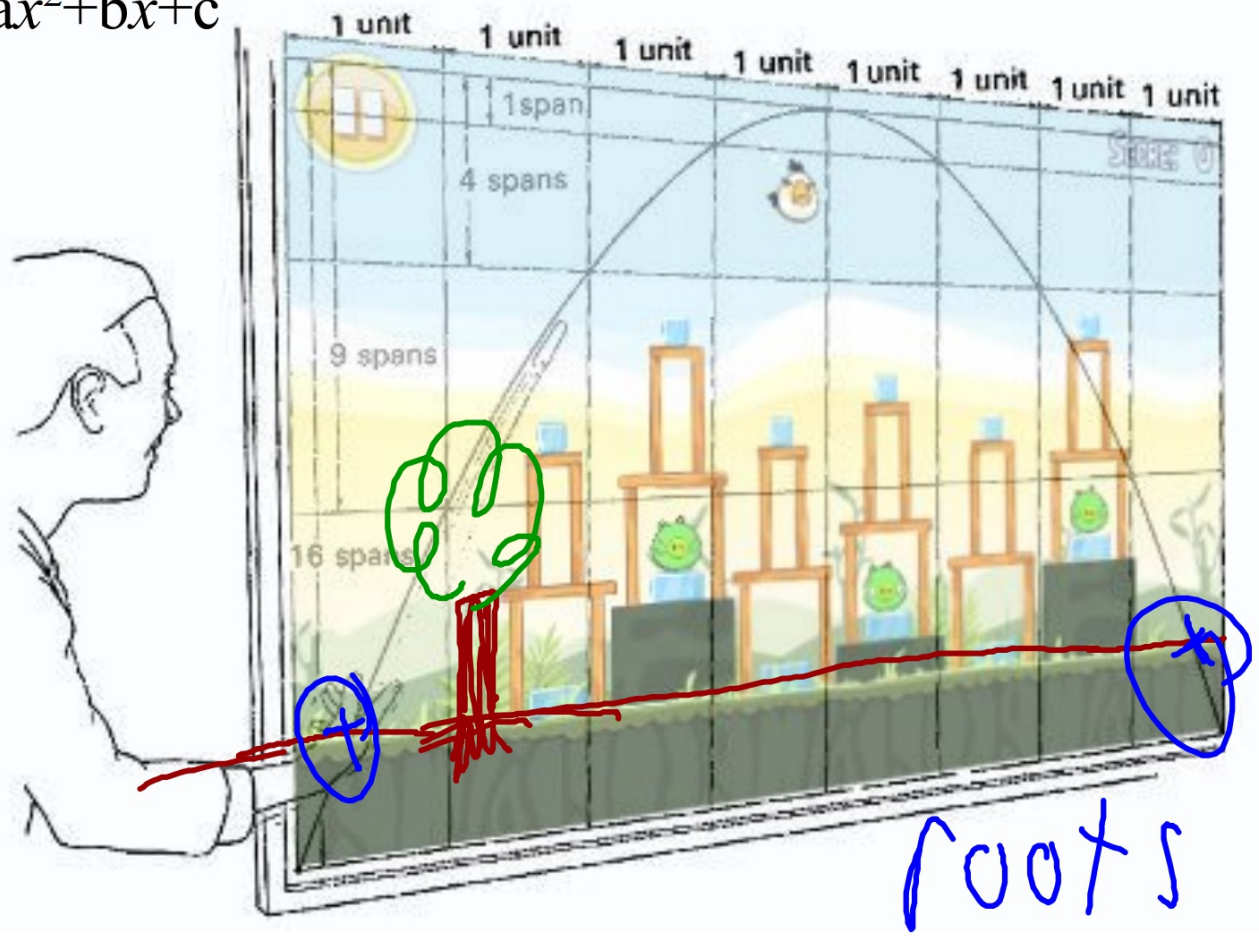


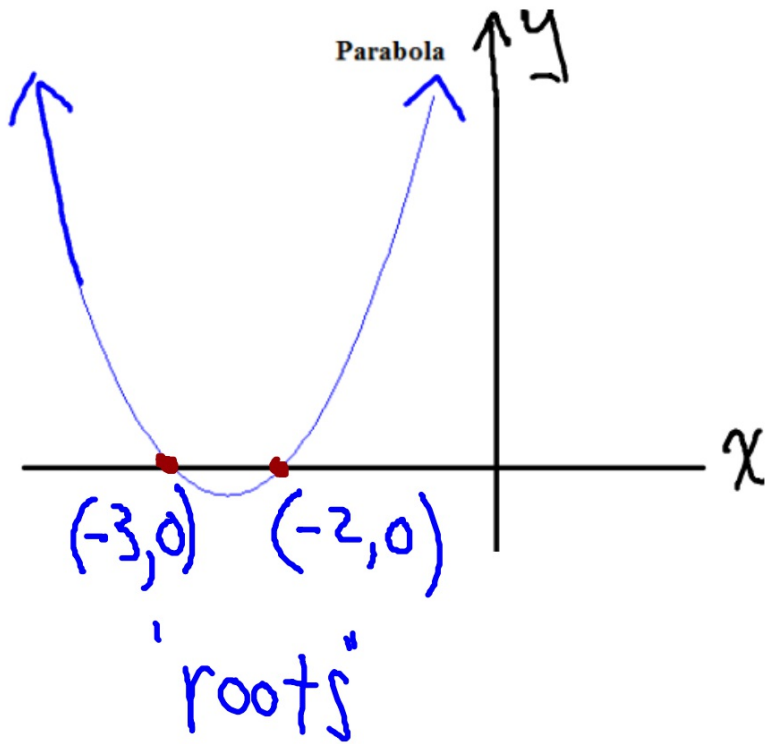
Quadratic Graphs

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$



$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$





$$0 = x^2 + 5x + 6$$

$$0 = (x+3)(x+2)$$

\uparrow \uparrow

-3 -2

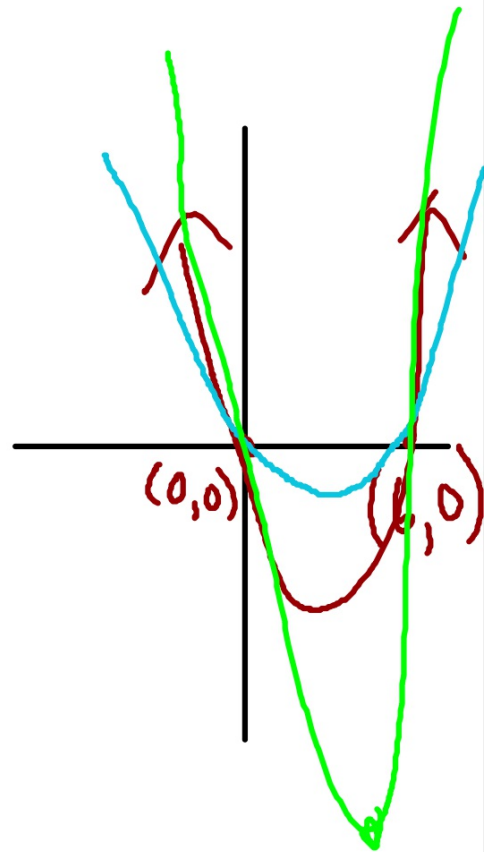
The Zero-Product Property

$$ax^2 + bx + c$$

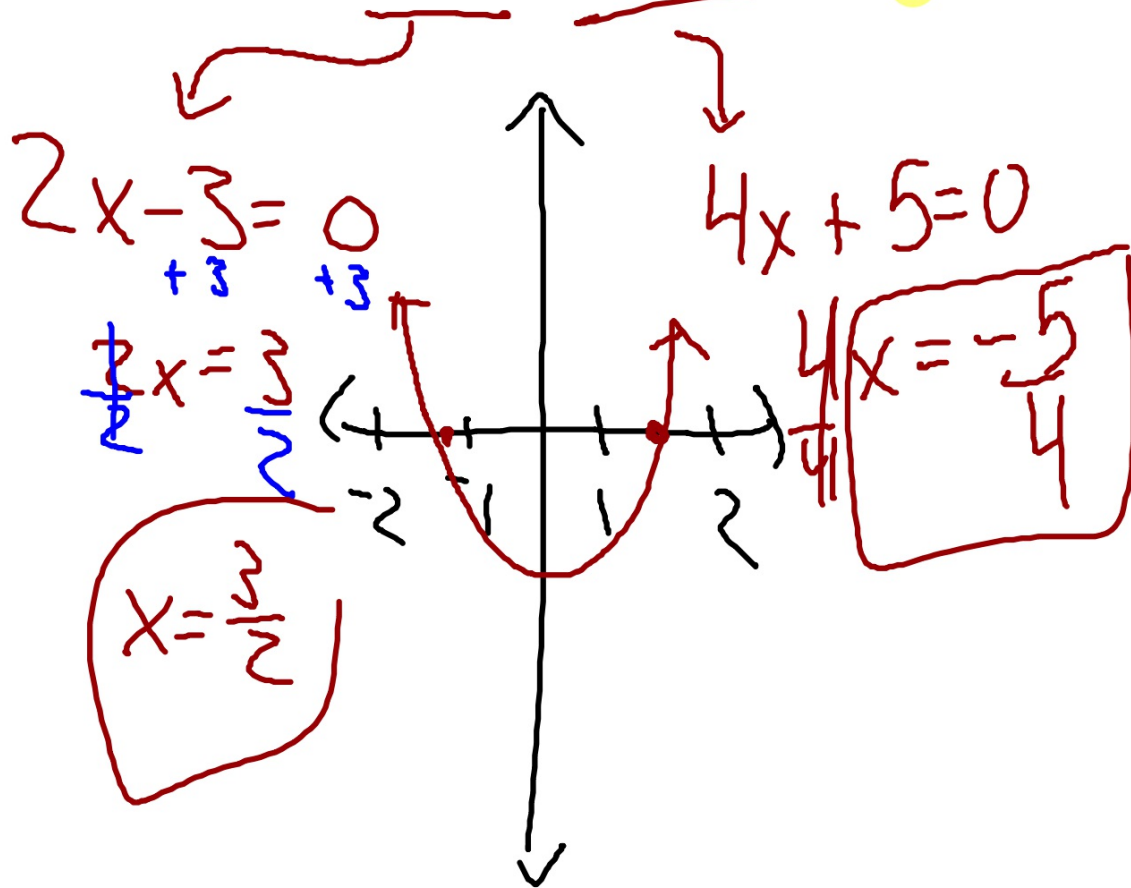
$$y = x^2 - 6x$$

$$y = x(x - 6)$$

↑ ↑
0 6



$$y = (2x - 3)(4x + 5) \quad 8x^2 - 2x - 15$$



Use the Zero-Product Property to solve each equation.

1. $(x - 3)(x - 7) = 0$ (3,0) (7,0)

2. $(x + 4)(2x - 9) = 0$

3. $t(t + 1) = 0$ (0,0) (-1,0)

4. $-3n(2n - 5) = 0$

5. $(7x + 2)(5x + 4) = 0$

6. $(4a - 7)(3a + 8) = 0$

Factor each polynomial. Then solve using the Zero-Product Property.

7. $x^2 + 7x + 10 = 0$
(x+5)(x+2)=0

8. $k^2 + 7k + 12 = 0$

Solve by factoring.

9. $b^2 + 3b - 4 = 0$

10. $m^2 - 5m - 14 = 0$

11. $w^2 - 8w = 0$

12. $x^2 - 16x + 55 = 0$

13. $k^2 - 3k - 10 = 0$

14. $n^2 + n - 12 = 0$

15. $x^2 + 8x = -15$
-15 +15

16. $t^2 - 3t = 28$

17. $n^2 = 6n$

18. $2c^2 - 7c = -5$

19. $3q^2 + 16q = -5$

20. $4y^2 = 25$

21. The sides of a square are all increased by 3 cm. The area of the new square is 64 cm^2 . Find the length of a side of the original square.