

# Grammar

## Chapter 20

# Let's Review the Basics

## **SVO**

S= subject= noun or pronoun= performs the action of verb

V= verb= action

O= object = noun or pronoun= receives the action of verb

DO= direct object= directly receives verb

IO= indirect object= receives continued action of verb

EX: I gave the pen to Ben.

Beckham kicked the ball into the goal.

add phrases & clauses to give more information in SVO

# Prepositional Phrases (57-58)

Phrase: group of words that f (part of speech)

Adjective: modifies a noun

Noun: person, place, thing, idea

Adjective Phrase: phrase that f (adj) modifies a noun

\* what kind? \* which one?

**Why are they prepositional phrases?**

*look at the first word!*

Adverb: modifies a verb, adjective, or adverb

\*where? \*when? \*in what manner (how)? \*to what extent?

Adverb Phrase: phrase that f (adv) modifies v,adj,adv

**How do you know which is which?**

*SVO will set you free!*

*Hundreds of fans were **eager** for a glimpse of the star.*

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## Adjective Phrases

1. of mysteries/writer
2. about NA folklore/article
3. for the play/props  
by Ibsen/play
4. with three parts/book
5. near the door/trellis

## Adverb Phrases

1. from the village/lured
2. for strong bones and  
teeth/essential
3. inside its skeleton/safe
4. After the ceremony/left  
with the groom/left
5. in silent agony/died  
on the beach/died

# Appositives & Appositive Phrases (59-60)

Appositive: noun or pronoun next to another noun or pronoun to identify it.

Appositive Phrase: a noun or pronoun with modifiers, placed next to a noun or pronoun to add information.

*SVO will set you free!*

*Identify: SVO, Search: S/O for additional phrases & comma hugs*

- 1. The explorers, Lewis & Clark, opened the Nw Territory.*
- 2. Delaware has only 3 counties: Kent, Sussex, and NC.*
- 3. My cousin lives in Austin, the cap of TX.*
- 4. A local reporter, Annette Jackson, broke the story.*
- 5. Both finalists, Logan & Bruce, are fine competitors.*

# Page 60 exercise 1

## Appositive

1. food
2. Phyllis
3. Girlfriend
4. Herman Melville
5. Manx
6. "Snow Fall"
7. blue
8. flashlight
9. clarinet
10. Frankenstein

\*all nouns

## Word Renamed

1. topic
2. cousin
3. Cara
4. writer
5. cat
6. poem
7. color
8. item
9. instrument
10. inventor

\*all nouns

# Participles & Participial Phrases (63-64)

Participle: form of a verb that can act as an adjective

Verb: shows action or condition

Participle: acts as an adj modifying a noun or pronoun

EX: The barometer **is falling**. (VERB)

The *falling* barometer **indicated** a change. (PARTICIPLE)

Participial Phrase: a participle (verb as adj)-modified by adv or adv phrase or accompanied by a complement.

Essential: if removed will change meaning

Non-essential: can be removed without changing meaning

EX: *The clerk standing behind the counter was helpful.*

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1. **Andrea** cried fearfully.
2. I could think of only sleep.
3. The **boat** overturned our canoe.
4. She picked up **debris**.
5. **Barney** sauntered into the room.
6. We stared at the **horizon**.

waking from her dream  
slumped over in a chair  
making large waves

thrown by a careless motorist  
feeling jaunty in his borrowed  
tuxedo  
broken only by sails

# Participles & Participial Phrases (65-66)

## Nominative Absolutes

noun or pronoun

followed by a participle or participial phrase

functions independently as the rest of the sentence

- time
- reason
- circumstance
- elliptical (divided the sentence in two/flip flops)

look for an "ING" phrase that tells information about the above topics

# Gerund & Gerund Phrases (67-68)

Gerund: a form of a verb that acts as a noun

*SVO will set you free.*

*Turn to page 67*

- 1. Fishing, S*
- 2. coloring, DO*
- 3. flying, OP*
- 4. losing, S*
- 5. cheating, OP*
- 6. bowling, APP*
- 7. pruning, S*
- 8. skiing, APP*
- 9. training, IO*
- 10. drawing, OP*

*Gerunds= 1,2,6,9 Noun*

*Participle= 3,7,10 Adj*

*Verb= 4,5,8 Action*

# Gerunds & Gerund Phrases (69-70)

Define the following: (you know these)

Gerund

Gerund Phrase

Subject

Direct Object

Object of Preposition

Appositive

(this one's new)

Predicate Nominative: a noun following a linking verb that restates the subject \* think NOM/NAME

EX: At the end of the tournament, Tiger Woods was the **leader**.

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1. remembering trivia
2. catching a greased pig
3. setting the table before din  
washing the dishes after
4. caring for pets  
earning money
5. deep sea diving  
horseback riding
6. drying fruits....  
cutting down exp.
7. complaining...  
worrying unnecessarily
8. trading stories

1. object of prep
2. app
3. pred nom, pred nom
4. subj, obj of prep
5. do, do
6. subj, obj of prep
7. pred nom, pred nom
8. do

# Infinitives & Infinitive Phrases (71-72)

# Infinitives & Infinitive Phrases (73-74)

# Adjective Clauses (75-76)

# Adverb Clauses (77-78)

# Noun Clauses (79-80)

# Sentences (81-82)

# Sentences (73-74)

