

1. Graph:  $-12x = y^2$ . Find and locate vertex, axis of symmetry, focus and directrix.

2. Graph:  $x = \frac{1}{2}(y+1)^2 - 2$ . Find and locate vertex, axis of symmetry, focus and directrix.

3. Graph:  $x^2 - 8x - 4y + 12 = 0$ . Find and locate vertex, axis of symmetry, focus and directrix.

4. Find the center and radius of each circle. Write in standard form as needed.

a)  $(x+8)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 49$

b)  $5x^2 + 5y^2 = 180$

c)  $x^2 + y^2 - 18x = 0$

d)  $x^2 + y^2 - 10x + 2y - 6 = 0$

5. Write the equation of a circle in standard form. Graph the circle.

a) center  $(2, 0)$ ;  $r = 2$

b) center  $(3, -1)$ ;  $r = \sqrt{17}$

6. The endpoints of the diameter of a circle are  $(-1, 6)$  and  $(5, 0)$ . Write the equation of this circle in standard form.

7. The center of a circle is  $(4, -2)$ . The circle passes through  $(0, 1)$ . Write the equation of this circle in standard form.

8. A circle has its center in quadrant 2, its radius is 3 and it is tangent to the  $y$ -axis at  $(0, 1)$ . Write the equation for this circle in standard form.

9. Write the equation of a line in slope-intercept form that is tangent to the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 5$  at  $(2, 1)$ .

SELECTED ANSWERS: 1.  $V(0, 0)$ ; axis  $y = 0$ ;  $F(-3, 0)$ ;  $d: x = 3$ ; 2.  $V(-2, -1)$ ; axis  $y = -1$ ;  $F(-1.5, -1)$ ;  $d: x = -2.5$  3.  $V(4, 1)$ ; axis  $x = 4$ ;  $F(4, 2)$ ;  $d: y = 0$ ; 4c)  $C(9, 0)$ ;  $r = 9$   
d)  $C(5, -1)$ ;  $r = 4\sqrt{2}$  or  $\approx 5.7$  6.  $(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 18$  7.  $(x-4)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 25$   
8.  $(x+3)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 9$  9.  $y = -2x + 5$