

Algebra 2H  
Handout 9AH  
Section 9-1

HW # \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Direct, Inverse, and Joint Variation      Period \_\_\_\_\_ Column \_\_\_\_\_

<p>1. If <math>n</math> varies directly as <math>p</math> and <math>n = 12</math> when <math>p = 10\frac{2}{3}</math>, find <math>n</math> when <math>p = 24</math>.</p>	<p>2. If <math>y</math> is directly proportional to <math>\sqrt{x}</math>, and <math>y = 6</math> when <math>x = 4</math>, find <math>y</math> when <math>x = 16</math>.</p>
<p>3. If <math>y</math> is inversely proportional to <math>x</math> and <math>y = 60</math> when <math>x = 0.5</math>, find <math>x</math> when <math>y = 12</math>.</p>	<p>4. If <math>w</math> varies directly as <math>n</math> and inversely as <math>x^2</math>, and <math>w = 8</math> when <math>n = 2</math> and <math>x = 3</math>, find <math>w</math> when <math>n = 3</math> and <math>x = 2</math>.</p>
<p>5. The speed (<math>s</math>) of an object falling from rest is directly proportional to the time (<math>t</math>) it has fallen. After an object has fallen for 2.5 seconds, its speed is 24.5 meters/second. What is the speed of the object after it has fallen for 4 seconds?</p>	<p>6. According to Ohm's law, the current (<math>C</math>) flowing in a wire is inversely proportional to the resistance (<math>R</math>) of the wire. If the current is 5 amps when the resistance is 24 ohms, for what resistance will the current be 6 amps?</p>
<p>7. The period (<math>p</math>) of a pendulum (the time it takes for a back-and-forth swing) is directly proportional to the square root of the pendulum's length (<math>L</math>). If a pendulum 1 meter long has a period of 2 seconds, what is the length of a pendulum which has a period of 6 seconds?</p>	<p>8. The area (<math>A</math>) of a trapezoid varies jointly as the height (<math>h</math>) and the sum of the bases (<math>b</math>). If the area of a trapezoid is 25 when its height is 5 and the sum of its bases is 10, find the height of a trapezoid when the sum of its bases is 14 and the area is 49.</p>

<p>9. If <math>s</math> varies directly as <math>2t - 1</math>, and <math>s = 9</math> when <math>t = 2</math>, find <math>t</math> when <math>s = 15</math>.</p>	<p>10. If <math>s</math> is jointly proportional to <math>x</math> and <math>y</math>, and <math>s = 15</math> when <math>x = 2</math> and <math>y = 1.5</math>, find <math>s</math> when <math>x = 0.5</math> and <math>y = 6</math>.</p>
<p>11. If <math>w</math> varies jointly as <math>x</math> and <math>y</math> and inversely as <math>z</math>, and <math>w = 4</math> when <math>x = 4</math>, <math>y = 5</math>, and <math>z = 6</math>, find <math>w</math> when <math>x = 3</math>, <math>y = 10</math>, and <math>z = 3</math>.</p>	<p>12. In a sample of 600 voters, 396 were in favor of approving a school bond measure. If there are 48,000 voters in the city, about how many are likely to vote in favor of approving the bond?</p>
<p>13. The intensity (<math>I</math>) of light varies inversely as the square of the distance (<math>d</math>) between the light source and the object illuminated. If a light meter that is 10 meters from a light source registers 20 lux in intensity, what intensity would it register at a distance of 20 meters from the light source?</p>	<p>14. The electrical resistance (<math>R</math>) of a wire varies directly as its length (<math>L</math>) and inversely as the square of its diameter (<math>d</math>). If 50 meters of wire with diameter 2 millimeters has resistance 9 ohms, what length of wire with diameter 3 millimeters has resistance 9.6 ohms?</p>

Answers: 1. 27      2. 12      3. 2.5      4. 27      5. 39.2 m/s      6. 20 ohms  
7. 9 ft      8. 7      9. 3      10. 15      11. 12      12. 31,680 voters  
13. 5 lux      14. 120 m