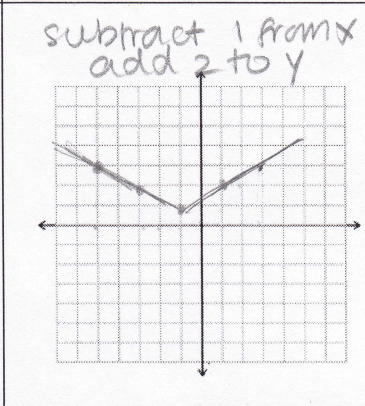
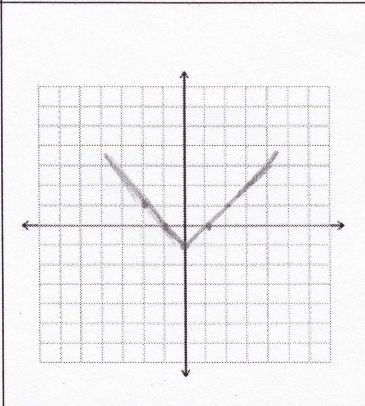
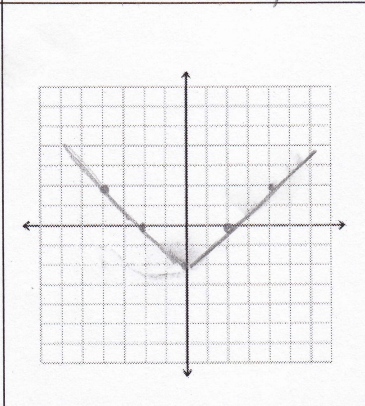
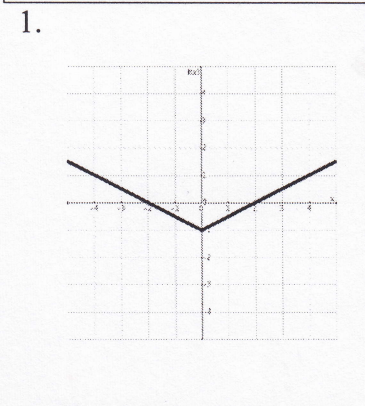


$y = f(x)$

$y = 2f(x)$ dbl y

$y = f(2x)$ $\frac{1}{2}x$

$y = f(x+1)+2$

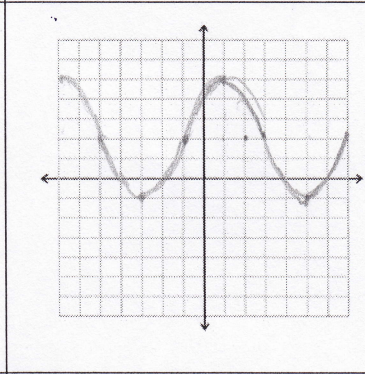
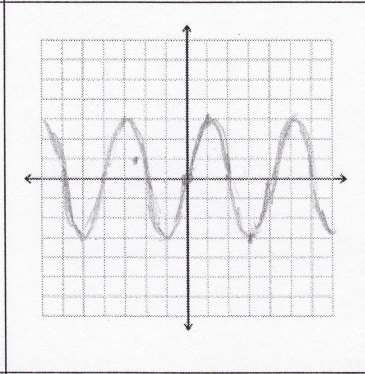
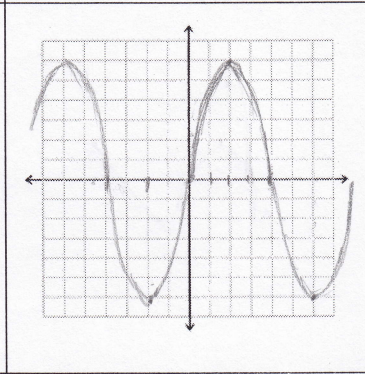
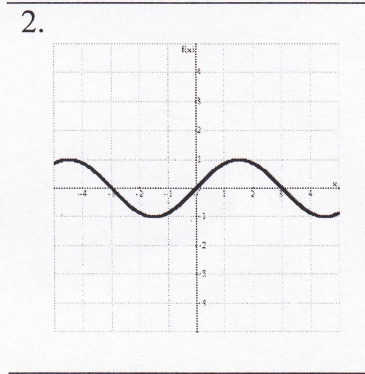


x	-4	-2	0	2	4
y	1	0	-1	0	1

x	-4	-2	0	2	4
y	2	0	-2	0	2

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	1	0	-1	0	1

x	-5	-3	-1	1	3
y	3	2	1	2	3

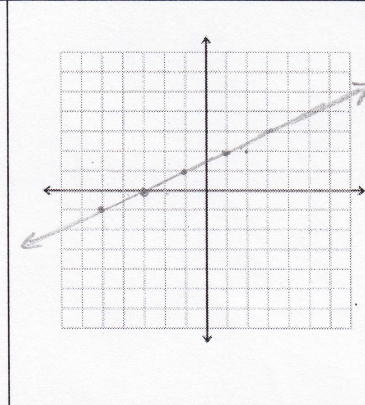
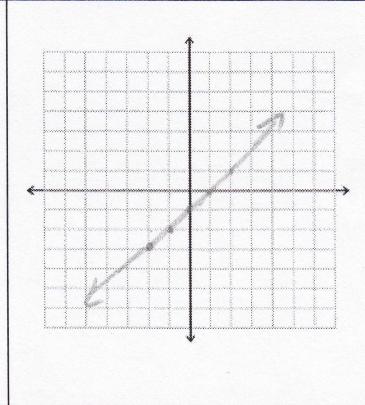
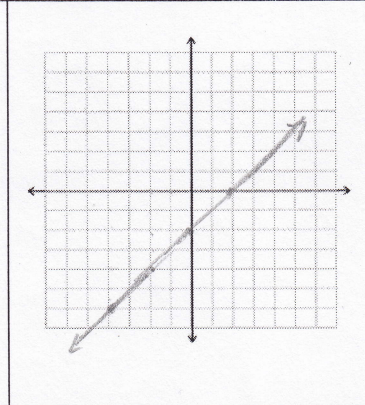
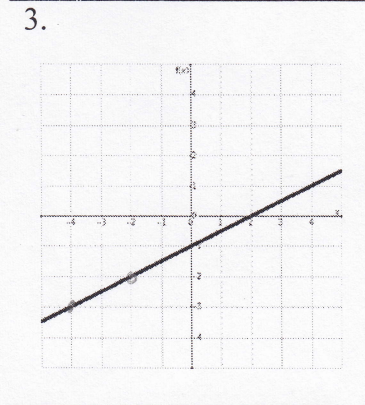


x	0	2	4	6	8
y	0	3	0	-3	0

x	0	2	4	6	8
y	0	6	0	-6	0

x	0	1	2	3	4
y	0	3	0	-3	0

x	-1	1	3	5	7
y	2	5	2	-1	2



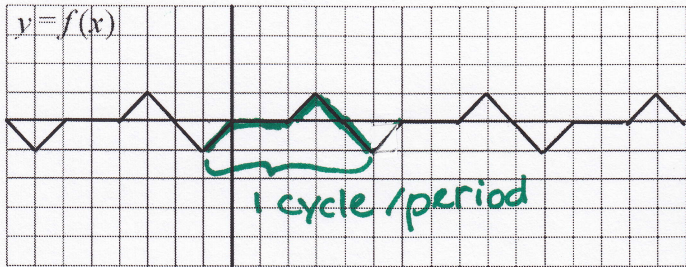
x	-4	-2	0	2	4
y	-3	-2	-1	0	1

x	-4	-2	0	2	4
y	-6	-4	-2	0	2

x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	-3	-2	-1	0	1

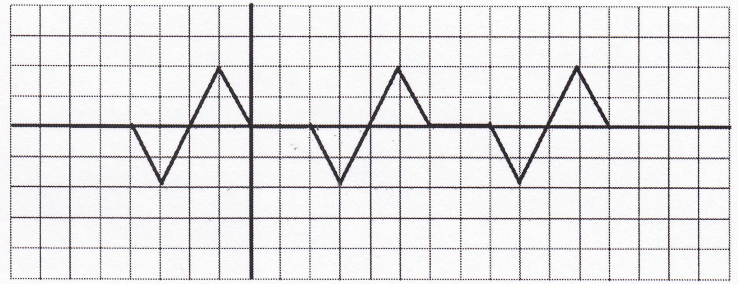
x	-5	-3	-1	1	3
y	2	5	2	-1	2

4. $f(x)$



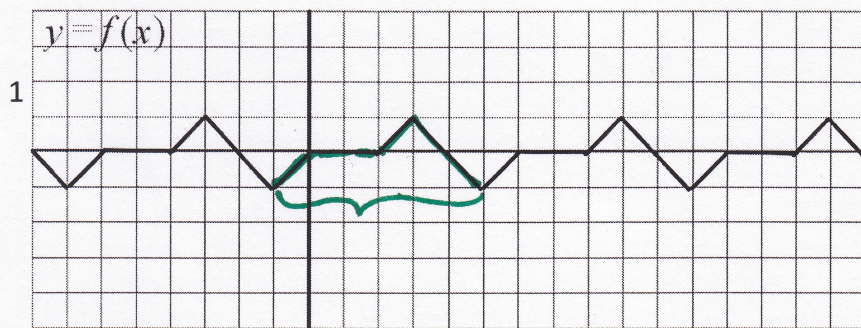
x	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
y	-1	0	0	0	1	0	-1

State the equation of the graph below in terms of $f(x)$



x	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
y	2	0	0	0	-2	0	2

y multiplied by -2 $\rightarrow y = -2f(x)$



Find:

- a) period 6
c) $f(34)$

$$\frac{34}{6} = 5R4$$

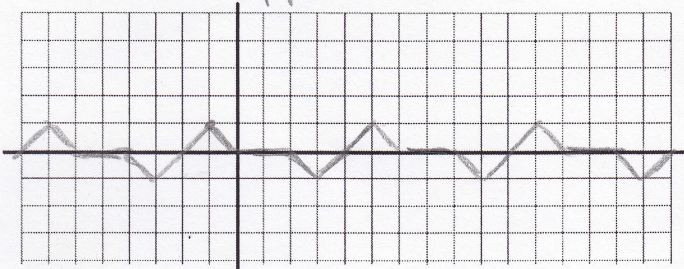
$$\rightarrow f(4) = 0$$

- b) amplitude 1
d) $f(-49)$

$$\frac{-49}{6} = -8R1$$

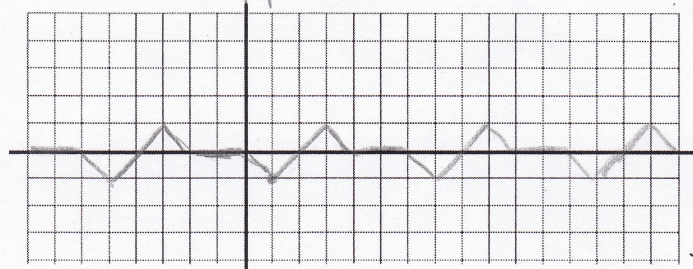
$$\rightarrow f(-1) = -1$$

2. $y = -f(x)$ opposite y



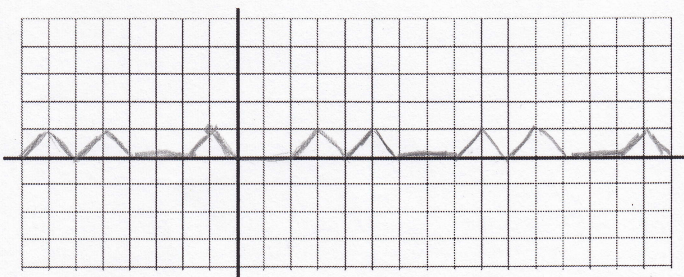
-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
1	0	0	0	-1	0	1

3) $y = f(-x)$ opposite x



1	0	-1	-2	-3	-4	-5
-1	0	0	0	1	0	-1

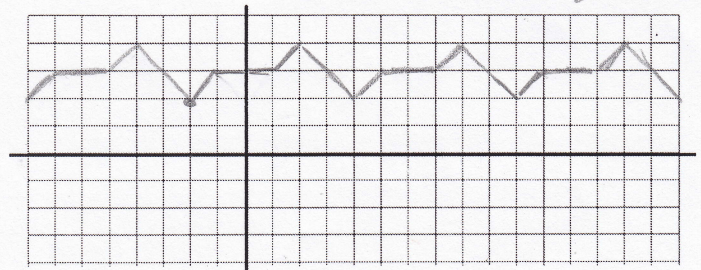
4. $y = |f(x)|$



-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
1	0	0	0	1	0	1

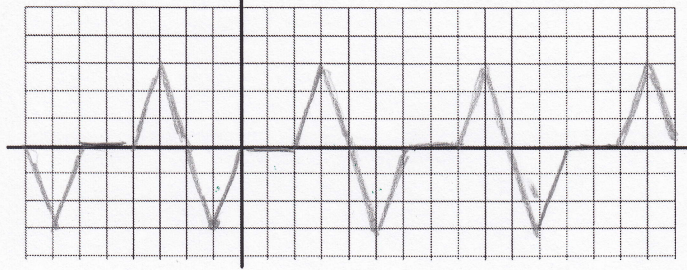
5) $y - 3 = f(x + 1)$

$$y = f(x + 1) + 3 \quad \begin{cases} x - 1 \\ y + 3 \end{cases}$$



-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
2	3	3	3	4	3	2

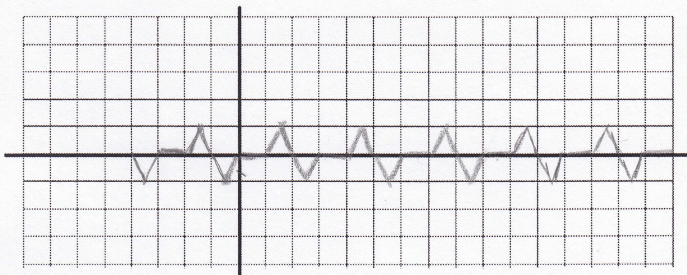
6) $y = 3f(x)$ y times 3



x	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
y	-3	0	0	0	3	0	-3

8) $y = f(2x)$

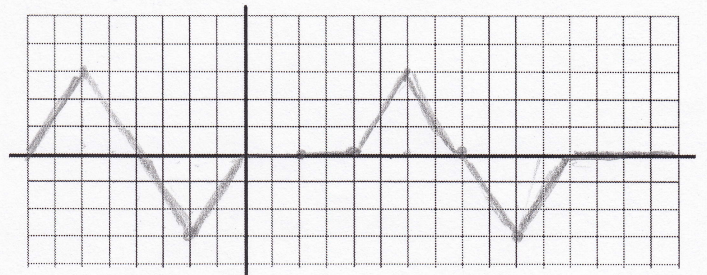
half the x



$-\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	$\frac{3}{2}$	2	$\frac{5}{2}$
-1	0	0	0	1	0	-1

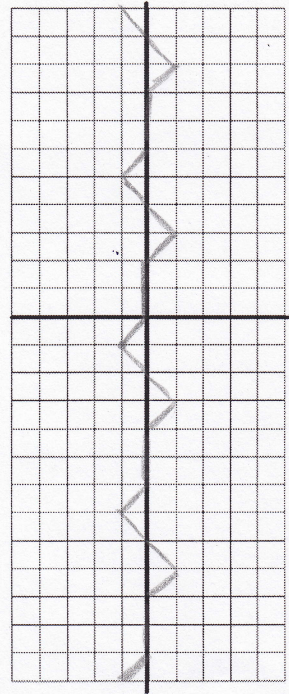
7) $y = 3f(\frac{1}{2}x)$

y times 3
x times 2



-2	0	2	4	6	8	10
-3	0	0	0	3	0	-3

x	y
-1	-1
0	0
0	1
0	2
1	3
0	4
-1	5



x and y switched.

p136 #

⑩ $y = x^2 + 3x$
 $= x(x+3)$

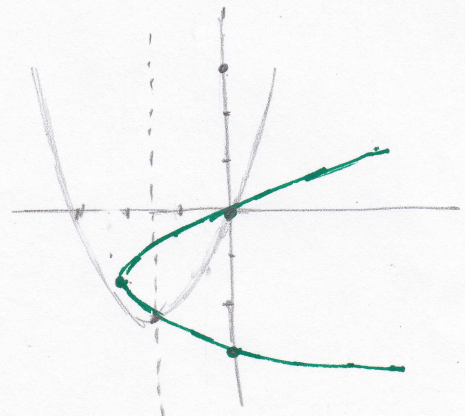
zeros: 0, -3

AOS: $x = \frac{0 + -3}{2} = -\frac{3}{2}$

$y = -\frac{3}{2}(-\frac{3}{2} + 3) = -\frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2} = -\frac{9}{4}$

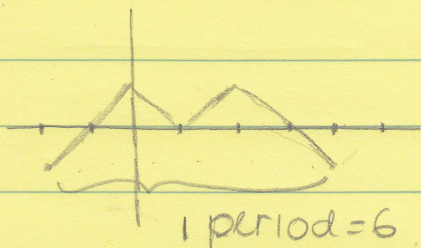
$\Rightarrow (-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{9}{4})$

x	y	x	y
0	0	0	0
-3	0	0	-3
$-\frac{3}{2}$	$-\frac{9}{4}$	$-\frac{9}{4}$	$-\frac{3}{2}$



p143

①



fundamental period = 6

$$\text{Amplitude} = \frac{1 - (-1)}{2} = 1$$

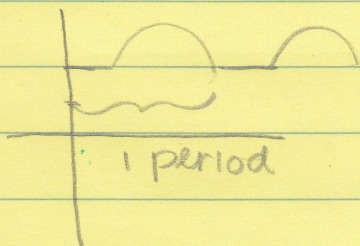
$$f(1000) = \frac{1000}{6} = 166 R 4$$

$$f(1000) = f(4) = -1$$

$$f(-1000) = f(-4) = f(-4+6) = f(2) = 1$$

every 6 the cycle repeats!

3



fundamental period = 3

$$\text{Amplitude} = \frac{3 - 2}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(1000) = \frac{1000}{3} = 333 R 1$$

$$f(1000) = f(1) = 2$$

$$f(-1000) = f(-1) = 3$$