Assessing Asthma Severity:

Well controlled asthma:

No cough

No wheeze

No chest tightness

No limitation of activity

Peak flow within 20% of personal best



Mild asthma symptoms:

Requires medical attention if persistent.

Child should not engage in vigorous activity.

Occasional cough

Slight wheeze

May be a tickle in the throat

Peak flow 50% to 80% of personal best



Moderate to severe asthma symptoms –

Requires URGENT medical attention – Call parents!

Persistent cough

Persistent wheeze

Breathing faster than normal (more than 30 breaths in a minute)

Waking at night due to difficulty breathing

Peak flow near 50% of personal best



Danger signs:

Requires IMMEDIATE medical attention – call 911!!

Difficulty speaking more than 1 or 2 words between breaths Hard to walk more than a few steps due to difficulty breathing

Chest or belly sucking in with each breath

Nostrils flaring out with each breath

Breathing very fast (more than 40 breaths in a minute)

Lips or fingers turning blue

Peak flow significantly below 50% of personal best



A child who is having breathing problems from asthma should NFVFR be left alone!

© 2006 Harold J. Farber, MD author of <u>Control Your Child's Asthma: A Breakthrough Program for</u> the Treatment and Management of Childhood Asthma.