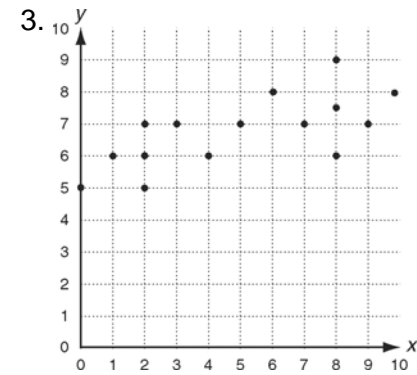
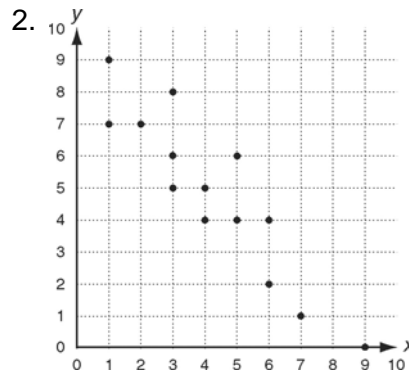
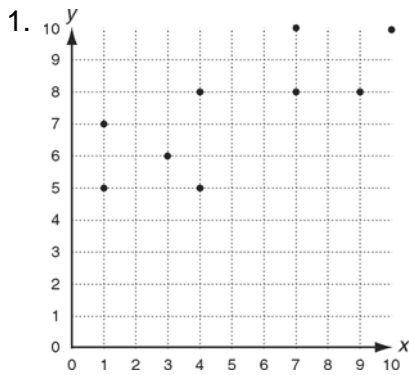


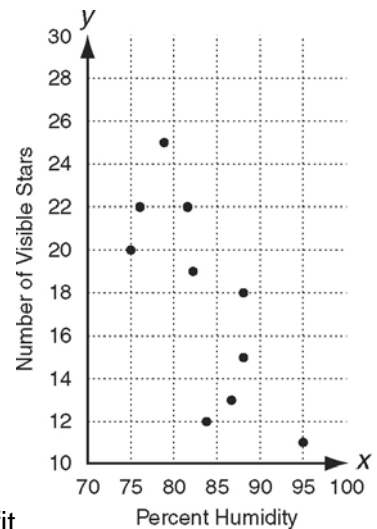
Sketch the line of best fit for each scatter plot. Name the type of correlation.



As a science experiment, Keith recorded the percent humidity and the number of stars he could see at 10:00 P.M. each evening. Use the data in the table for Exercises 4 – 10.

| Star Counting Experiment |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|--------------------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Humidity (%)             | 84 | 76 | 79 | 88 | 95 | 82 | 87 | 88 | 75 | 82 |
| Number of Visible Stars  | 12 | 22 | 25 | 15 | 11 | 19 | 13 | 18 | 20 | 22 |

- Look at the scatter plot of the data using the humidity as the independent variable (x).
- Sketch a line of best fit that passes through (76, 22) and (95, 11).
- Find the slope of the line using (76, 22) and (95, 11).



- Write the equation of this line.

- Would you expect the correlation coefficient ( $r$ ) for the line of best fit to be between  $-1$  and  $0$  or between  $0$  and  $1$ ? Why?

- Describe the relationship Keith found between the percent humidity and the number of stars visible.

- Use your equation to predict the approximate number of stars if the humidity were 50%. How reliable do you think this prediction is? Why?