

| Probability Of An Event |
|---|
| $P(A) = \frac{\text{The Number Of Ways Event A Can Occur}}{\text{The total number Of Possible Outcomes}}$ |

Experiment:



Spin a spinner.

Determine each probability for where the spinner lands.

$$P(\text{blue}) = \frac{1}{4} \quad P(\text{yellow or red}) = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(\text{not green}) = \frac{3}{4} \quad P(\text{purple}) = 0$$

Experiment:

Roll a die. 

Determine the probability for the number that is "up" when the die lands.

$$P(\text{2 or 4}) = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3} \quad P(\text{2 and 4}) = 0$$

$$P(\text{number less than 7}) = 1$$

Experiment: Choose a card from a standard 52-card deck.

Standard Deck of 52 Playing Cards:

| | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| Diamonds (Red): | 2♦ 3♦ 4♦ 5♦ 6♦ 7♦ 8♦ 9♦ 10♦ | <u>J♦ Q♦ K♦</u> A♦ |
| Hearts (Red): | 2♥ 3♥ 4♥ 5♥ 6♥ 7♥ 8♥ 9♥ 10♥ | <u>J♥ Q♥ K♥</u> A♥ |
| Clubs (Black): | 2♣ 3♣ 4♣ 5♣ 6♣ 7♣ 8♣ 9♣ 10♣ | <u>J♣ Q♣ K♣</u> A♣ |
| Spades (Black): | 2♠ 3♠ 4♠ 5♠ 6♠ 7♠ 8♠ 9♠ 10♠ | <u>J♠ Q♠ K♠</u> A♠ |

face cards

$$P(\text{not an ace}) = \frac{48}{52} = \frac{12}{13} \quad P(\text{red card}) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(\text{red face card}) = \frac{6}{52} = \frac{3}{26} \quad P(\text{black 2}) = \frac{2}{52} = \frac{1}{26}$$