

8-3B: Multiplying Binomials

p.383 #1-4 all, #11-19 odds

1) 30

2) 35

3) -7

4) 11

11) $r^2 + 2r - 24$

13) $x^2 - x - 42$

15) $4b^2 + 10b - 6$

17) $x^2 + 2x - 63$

19) $p^2 + 9p - 10$



Due tomorrow p.383 #12-24 even

Copy and fill in each blank.

1. $(5a + 2)(6a - 1) = \blacksquare a^2 + 7a - 2$ 2. $(3c - 7)(2c - 5) = 6c^2 - 29c + \blacksquare$
3. $(z - 4)(2z + 1) = 2z^2 - \blacksquare z - 4$ 4. $(2x + 9)(x + 2) = 2x^2 + \blacksquare x + 18$

Simplify each product using FOIL.

11. $(r + 6)(r - 4)$ 12. $(y + 4)(5y - 8)$ 13. $(x + 6)(x - 7)$
14. $(m - 6)(m - 9)$ 15. $(4b - 2)(b + 3)$ 16. $(8w + 2)(w + 5)$
17. $(x - 7)(x + 9)$ 18. $(a + 11)(a + 5)$ 19. $(p - 1)(p + 10)$

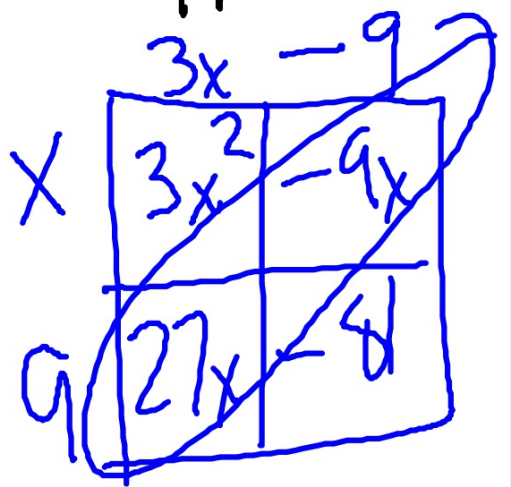

 $(x+9)(3x-9)$


The **F**irst terms are x and $3x$.

The **O**uter terms are x and -9 .

The **I**nner terms are 9 and $3x$.

The **L**ast terms are 9 and -9 .



$$3x^2 + 14x - 81$$

1) Find the product using FOIL.

$$(x + 5)(x + 4)$$

$$x^2 + 4x + 5x + 20$$

$$x^2 + 9x + 20$$

2) Factor the binomial (find the GCF first!)

$$4x^2 + 10x$$

$$2x(2x + 5)$$

You can use an area model to multiply two binomials. The diagram below shows $(2x + 3)(x + 4)$.

	x	$+ 4$
$2x$	$2x^2$	$8x$
$+ 3$	$3x$	12

$$(x + 5)(x^2 - 3x - 5)$$

	x^2	$-3x$	-5
x	x^3	$-3x^2$	$-5x$
5	$5x^2$	$-15x$	-25

$$x^3 + 2x^2 - 20x - 25$$

$$\underline{(3x+2)} \underline{(7x+7)}$$

$$21x^2 + \underline{(21x + 14x)} + 14$$

$$\therefore 21x^2 + 35x + 14$$

~~2~~ ✓

$$(5x+10)(7x-4)$$

$$35x^2 + 50x - 40$$

$$(5x+10)(7x^2-4x-6)$$

$$35x^3 + 50x^2 - 70x - 60$$

$$(2x-6)(3x^2+6x-4)$$

	$3x^2$	$6x$	-4
$2x$	$6x^3$	$12x^2$	$-8x$
-6	$-18x^2$	$-36x$	$+24$

$$6x^3 - 6x^2 - 44x + 24$$

Simplify each product using ~~FOIL~~ any method.

1. $(r + 6)(r - 4)$

12. $(y + 4)(5y - 8)$

13. $(x + 6)(x - 7)$

2. $(m - 6)(m - 9)$

15. $(4b - 2)(b + 3)$

16. $(8w + 2)(w + 5)$

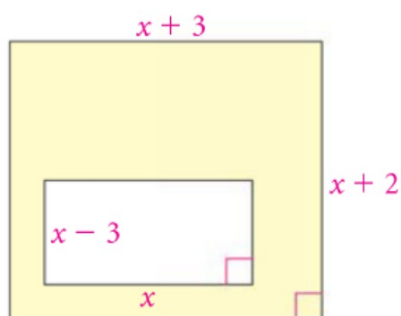
3. $(x - 7)(x + 9)$

18. $(a + 11)(a + 5)$

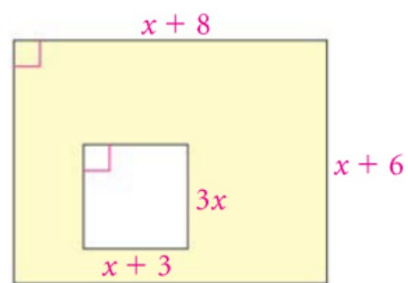
19. $(p - 1)(p + 10)$

Find an expression for the area of each shaded region. Simplify.

20.



21.



Simplify. Use the vertical method.

22. $(x + 9)(x^2 - 4x + 1)$

23. $(a - 4)(a^2 - 2a + 1)$

24. $(g - 3)(2g^2 + 3g + 3)$

25. $(k + 8)(3k^2 - 5k + 7)$