

Show all work on your own paper.

- If y varies inversely as the square root of x , and $y = 4$ when $x = 9$, find y when $x = 4$.
- If y varies jointly with r and s^2 and inversely as t , and $y = 90$ when $r = 5$, $s = 3$, and $t = 2$, find r when $y = 80$, $s = 2$, and $t = 6$.
- The lateral area (L) of a pyramid varies jointly as the perimeter (p) of its base and slant height (s). If the lateral area of a pyramid is 60 cm^2 when the base perimeter is 20 cm and the slant height is 6 cm , find the slant height when the lateral area is 10 cm^2 and the base perimeter is 5 cm . (more Geometry memories...)

Simplify completely.

$$4. \frac{1 - 4x^{2n}}{4x^{2n} - 4x^n + 1}$$

$$5. \frac{x^3 + x^2 - y^3 - y^2}{x^2 - 2xy + y^2}$$

$$6. \frac{x^2 y^3 - 3xy^3}{x^3 - 2x^2} \cdot \frac{(x-2)^2}{xy^3 - 2y^3}$$

$$7. \frac{6x^2 - 32x + 10}{3x - 15} \div \frac{3x^3 + 11x^2 - 4x}{2x^2 - 32}$$

$$8. \left(\frac{1}{x^2 - xy + y^2} \right) (x^2 y^{-1} + y^2 x^{-1}) \left(\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{y^2} \right)^{-1}$$

$$9. \frac{1}{x} + \frac{4}{x^2 - 4} - \frac{2}{x^2 - 2x}$$

$$10. \frac{3x}{x^2 + 3x + 2} - \frac{3x + 6}{x^2 + 4x + 4}$$

$$11. \frac{5}{2x^2 + 3x - 2} - \frac{3}{x^2 - 4} + \frac{3}{2x^2 - 5x + 2}$$

$$12. \frac{\frac{1}{3x^2} - \frac{25}{3y^2}}{\frac{1}{x^2 y} + \frac{5}{xy^2}}$$

$$13. \frac{\frac{\frac{x+y}{x-y} + 1}{xy} + \frac{x}{x^2 - y^2}}{x+y}$$

$$14. \frac{1}{x - \frac{1}{x + \frac{1}{x - \frac{1}{x}}}}$$

Solve for x .

$$15. \frac{x}{x-5} = \frac{2x+7}{x-1}$$

$$16. \frac{2x^2 + 15}{x^3 + 1} - \frac{6}{x^2 - x + 1} = \frac{5}{x + 1}$$

$$17. \frac{1}{2x^2 - 3x + 1} + \frac{1}{2x + 1} + \frac{4}{4x^2 - 1} = 0$$

