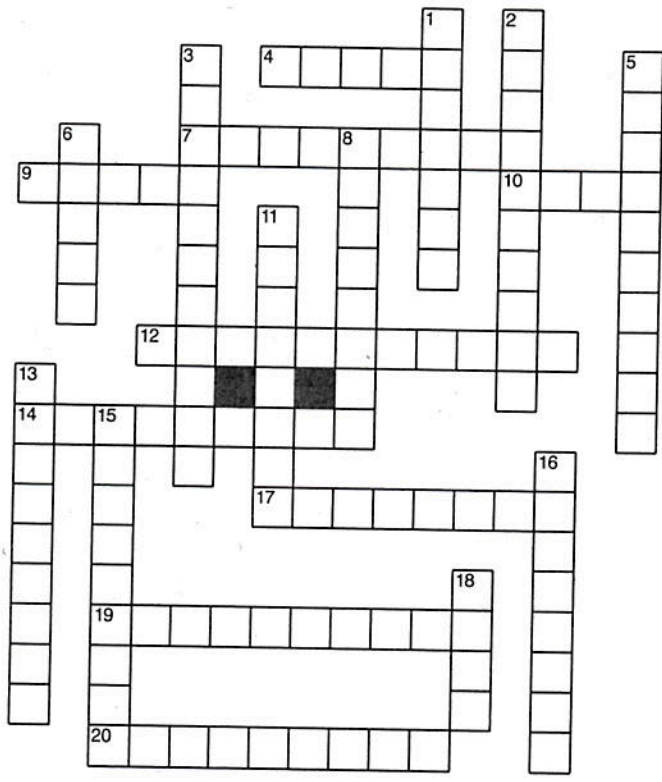



Repaso



Down _____

1. según mi _____
2. no paciente
3. no ordenado
5. Un chico/una chica que practica deportes es _____.
6. *I like:* "Me _____."

Across _____


4. 
7. nice, friendly
9. no es malo, es _____
10. ¿_____ se llama?

17. 
19. 

12. 
14. 

20. 




8. 
11. No es trabajador. Es _____.



13.



15. 
16. Le gusta pasar tiempo con amigos. Es _____.
18. —¿Cómo _____?
—Soy sociable.



Organizer

I. Vocabulary

Words that describe me

Words that may describe others

Words to ask what someone is like

Words to tell what I am like

II. Grammar

1. Most feminine adjectives end with the letter _____. Most masculine adjectives end with the letter _____.
2. Adjectives that can be either masculine or feminine may end with the letters _____ (as in the word _____) or the letter _____ (as in the word _____).
3. The two singular definite articles are _____ and _____.
The two singular indefinite articles are _____ and _____.
4. In Spanish, adjectives come (before/after) the nouns they describe.

Word order: Placement of adjectives (p. 62)

- English adjectives usually come *before* the noun they describe.
- Spanish adjectives usually come *after* the noun they describe:

Olga es una chica talentosa.

- Many Spanish sentences follow this pattern:

subject noun + verb + indefinite article and noun + adjective

1 2 3 4

Roberto es un estudiante bueno.

1 2 3 4

Serena es una chica inteligente.

1 2 3 4

A. Look at the following groups of words. Write a number from 1 to 4 below each word according to what kind of word it is. Follow the model and use the examples above.

- Write 1 for subject nouns.
- Write 2 for verbs.
- Write 3 for indefinite articles and nouns.
- Write 4 for adjectives.

Modelo es / Diego / talentoso / un estudiante

2 1 4 3

- seria / Olga / una estudiante / es
- un amigo / es / bueno / Guillermo
- Javier / un estudiante / es / trabajador
- es / Concha / simpática / una chica
- es / una estudiante / Ana / inteligente
- Manuel / es / atrevido / un chico

B. Now, write the complete sentence for each example from part A by putting the words in order by the numbers you added, going from 1 to 4. Follow the model.

Modelo Diego es un estudiante talentoso.

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Repaso del capítulo

Vocabulario y gramática

jcd-0199

To prepare for the test, check to see if you . . .

- know the new vocabulary and grammar
- can answer the questions on p. 71

to talk about what you and others are like

artístico, -a	artistic
atrevido, -a	daring
bueno, -a	good
deportista	sports-minded
desordenado, -a	messy
estudioso, -a	studious
gracioso, -a	funny
impaciente	impatient
inteligente	intelligent
ordenado, -a	neat
paciente	patient
perezoso, -a	lazy
reservado, -a	reserved, shy
serio, -a	serious
simpático, -a	nice, friendly
sociable	sociable
talentoso, -a	talented
trabajador, -ora	hardworking

to ask people about themselves or others

¿Cómo eres?	What are you like?
¿Cómo es?	What is he / she like?
¿Cómo se llama?	What's his / her name?
¿Eres . . . ?	Are you . . . ?

to talk about what someone likes or doesn't like

le gusta . . .	he / she likes . . .
no le gusta . . .	he / she doesn't like . . .

to describe someone

soy	I am
no soy	I am not
es	he / she is

For *Vocabulario adicional*, see pp. 472–473.

to tell whom you are talking about

el amigo	male friend
la amiga	female friend
el chico	boy
la chica	girl
él	he
ella	she
yo	I

other useful words

a veces	sometimes
muy	very
pero	but
según	according to
según mi familia	according to my family

adjectives

Masculine	Feminine
ordenado	ordenada
trabajador	trabajadora
paciente	paciente
deportista	deportista

definite articles

el	the
la	the

indefinite articles

un	a, an
una	a, an