

## Chapter 8: Study Guide An Introduction To Metabolism

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Period: \_\_\_\_\_

Directions: Answer the following questions on a separate sheet of paper and in complete thought. Typed answers are preferred to hand written.

### **Metabolism, Energy, and Life:**

- 1: Explain the role of catabolic and anabolic pathways in the energy exchanges of cellular metabolism.
- 2: Distinguish between kinetic and potential energy.
- 3: Distinguish between open and closed systems.
- 4: Explain in your own words, the first and second law of thermodynamics.
- 5: Explain why highly ordered living organisms do not violate the second law of thermodynamics.
- 6: Write and define each component of the equation for free-energy change.
- 7: Explain how changes in temperature influence the maximum amount of usable energy that can be harvested from a reaction.
- 8: Describe the relationship between free energy and equilibrium.
- 9: Distinguish between exergonic and endergonic reactions.
- 10: Explain why metabolic disequilibrium is one of the defining features of life.
- 11: Describe the three main kinds of cellular work.
- 12: Describe the function of ATP in a cell.
- 13: List the three components of ATP and identify the major class of macromolecules to which ATP belongs.
- 14: Explain how ATP performs cellular work.

### **Enzymes:**

- 15: Describe the function of enzymes in biological systems.
- 16: Explain the relationship between enzyme structure and enzyme specificity.
- 17: Explain the induced-fit model of enzyme function and describe the catalytic cycle of an enzyme.
- 18: Describe several mechanisms by which enzymes lower activation energy.
- 19: Explain how substrate concentration affects the rate of an enzyme-controlled reaction.
- 20: Explain how enzyme activity can be regulated or controlled by environmental factors, co-factors, and enzyme inhibitors.

### **The Control of Metabolism: A Review**

- 21: Explain how metabolic pathways are regulated.
- 22: Explain how the location of enzymes in a cell influences metabolism.

Directions: Define each of the following terms. It is suggested that you use your own words for better understanding and retention.

Metabolism  
Catabolic pathway  
Anabolic pathway  
Bioenergetics  
Energy  
Kinetic energy  
Potential energy  
Chemical energy  
Thermodynamics  
First law of  
Thermodynamics  
Second law of  
Thermodynamics

entropy  
free energy  
exergonic reaction  
endergonic reaction  
energy coupling  
ATP (adenosine  
triphosphate)  
phosphorylated  
catalyst  
enzyme  
free energy of  
activation  
activation energy

substrate  
active site  
induced fit  
cofactor  
coenzyme  
competitive inhibitor  
noncompetitive  
inhibitor  
allosteric site  
feedback inhibition  
cooperativity