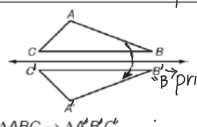
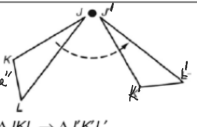
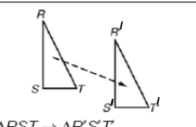


Geometry NOTES 1-7  
 TRANSFORMATIONS IN THE COORDINATE PLANE

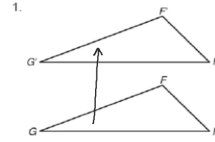
Sept 17  
 Date

In a transformation, each point of a figure is moved to a new position.

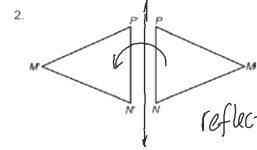
Reflection <i>flip</i>	Rotation <i>turn</i>	Slide Translation
 <p><math>\triangle ABC \rightarrow \triangle A'B'C'</math>  <i>preimage maps onto image</i></p> <p>A figure is flipped over a line.</p>	 <p><math>\triangle JKL \rightarrow \triangle J'K'L'</math></p> <p>A figure is turned around a fixed point.</p>	 <p><math>\triangle RST \rightarrow \triangle R'S'T'</math></p> <p>A figure is slid to a new position without turning.</p>

These are called rigid motions because the shape and size of the figures do not change.

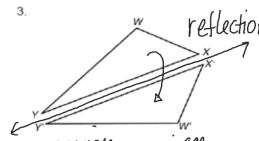
Identify each transformation. Then use arrow notation to describe the transformation.



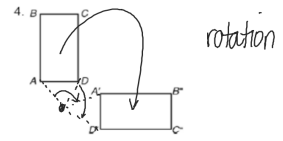
$\triangle FGH \rightarrow \triangle F'G'H'$   
 translation



$\triangle PMN \rightarrow \triangle P'M'N'$   
 reflection



*preimage*  $\rightarrow$  *image*  
 $\triangle WXY \rightarrow \triangle W'X'Y'$   
 reflection

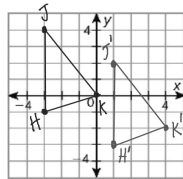


*rect*  $ABCD \rightarrow$  *rect*  $A'B'C'D'$   
 rotation

Draw and label the figure and its image. Then identify the transformation.

5. Triangle  $HJK$  has vertices at  $H(-3, -1)$ ,  $J(-3, 4)$ , and  $K(0, 0)$ . After a transformation the image of the figure has vertices at  $H'(1, -3)$ ,  $J'(1, 2)$ , and  $K'(4, -2)$ .

$X+4, Y-2$  translation



Find the coordinates of the image after the given translation.

6. *preimage*:  $\triangle XYZ$  at  $X(-6, 1)$ ,  $Y(4, 0)$ ,  $Z(1, 3)$   
*rule*:  $(x, y) \rightarrow (x+2, y-5)$

$\triangle X'Y'Z'$   
 $X'(-4, -4)$   $Y'(6, -5)$   $Z'(3, -2)$