

9-2 Translations

Warm Up

Find the coordinates of the image of $\triangle ABC$ with vertices $A(3, 4)$, $B(-1, 4)$, and $C(5, -2)$, after each reflection.

1. across the x -axis

$$A'(3, -4), B'(-1, -4), C'(5, 2)$$

2. across the y -axis

$$A'(-3, 4), B'(1, 4), C'(-5, -2)$$

3. across the line $y = x$

$$A'(4, 3), B'(4, -1), C'(-2, 5)$$

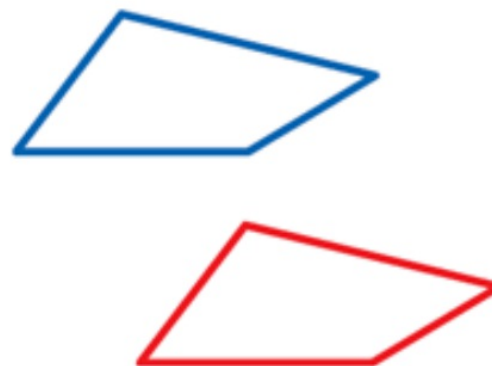
9-2 Translations

A **translation** is a transformation where all the points of a figure are moved the same **distance** in the same **direction**. A translation is an **isometry**, so the **image** of a translated figure is **congruent** to the **preimage**.

Tell whether each transformation appears to be a translation. Explain.



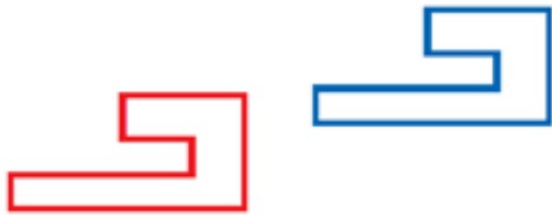
No; the figure appears to be flipped.



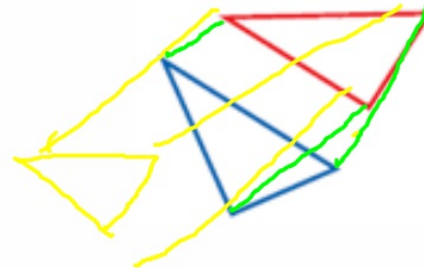
Yes; the figure appears to slide.

9-2 Translations

Tell whether each transformation appears to be a translation.



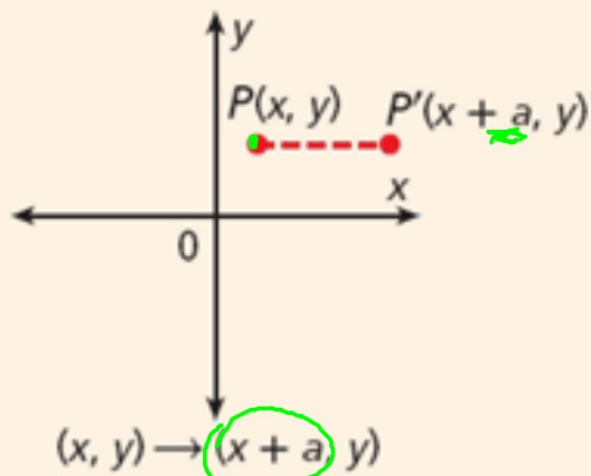
Yes; all of the points have moved the same distance in the same direction.



No; not all of the points have moved the same distance.

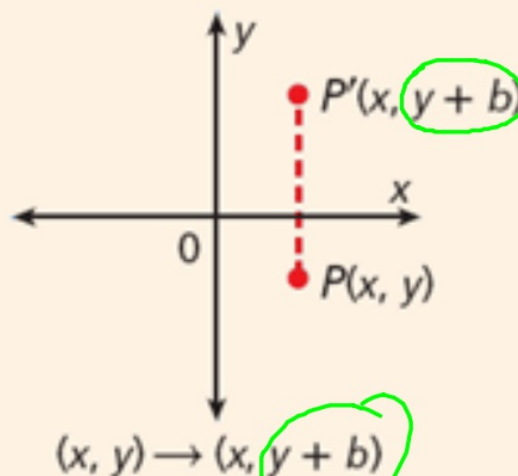
Translations in the Coordinate Plane

HORIZONTAL TRANSLATION
ALONG VECTOR $\langle a, 0 \rangle$



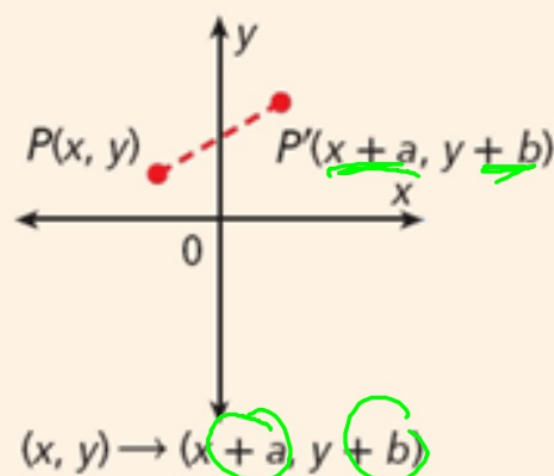
+/- to x
(move left/right)

VERTICAL TRANSLATION
ALONG VECTOR $\langle 0, b \rangle$



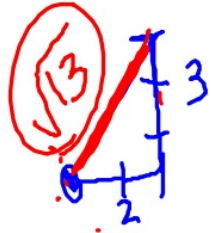
+/- to y
(move up & down)

GENERAL TRANSLATION
ALONG VECTOR $\langle a, b \rangle$



moves diagonally
both +/- x and +/- y

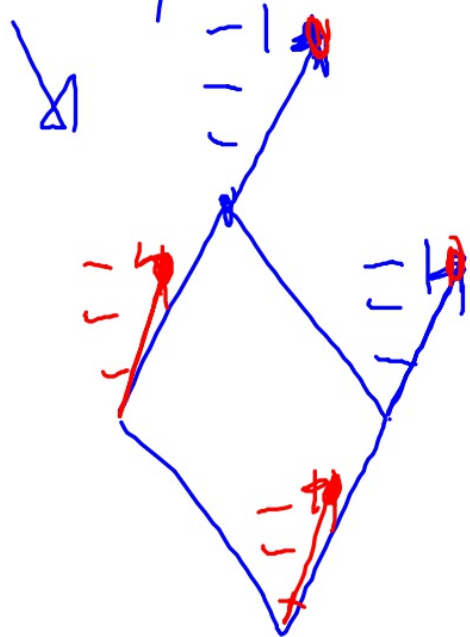
vector



vector (2,3)

Direction (slope)

magnitude (length = distance formula or



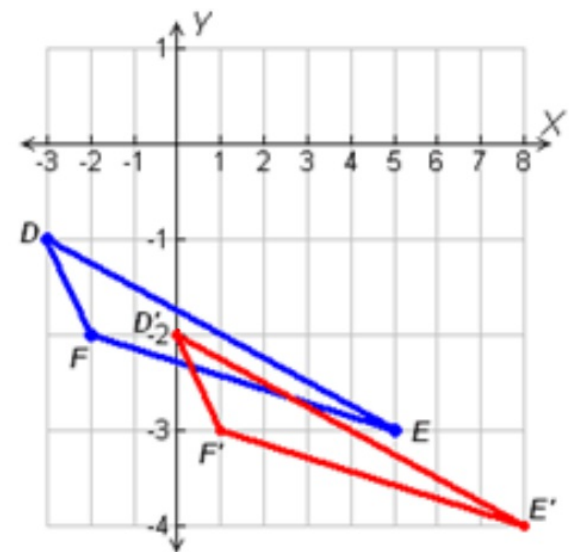
9-2 Translations

Translate the triangle with vertices $D(-3, -1)$, $E(5, -3)$, and $F(-2, -2)$

vector $(3, -1)$

The image of (x, y) is $(x + 3, y - 1)$.

$D(-3, -1)$ $+3$ -1	$(0, -2)$
$E(5, -3)$ $+3$ -1	$(8, -4)$
$F(-2, -2)$ $+3$ -1	$(1, -3)$



Graph the preimage and the image.



9-2 Translations

Translate the quadrilateral with vertices $R(2, 5)$, $S(0, 2)$, $T(1, -1)$, and $U(3, 1)$ along the vector $\langle -3, -3 \rangle$.

Also written like this

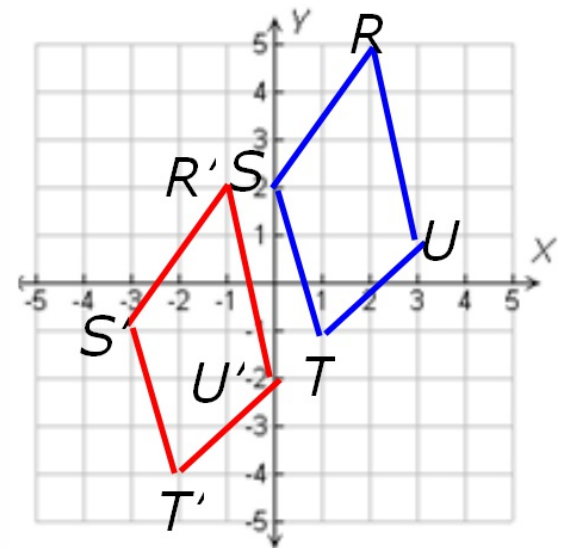
The image of (x, y) is $(x - 3, y - 3)$.

$$R(2, 5) \quad \boxed{} \\ \begin{matrix} -3 & -3 \end{matrix} \\ = R'(-1, 2)$$

$$S(0, 2) \quad \boxed{} \\ \begin{matrix} -3 & -3 \end{matrix} \\ = S'(-3, -1)$$

$$T(1, -1) \quad \boxed{} \\ \begin{matrix} -3 & -3 \end{matrix} \\ = T'(-2, -4)$$

$$U(3, 1) \quad \boxed{} \\ \begin{matrix} -3 & -3 \end{matrix} \\ = U'(0, -2)$$



Graph the preimage and the image.

9-2 Translations

5. A rook on a chessboard has coordinates $(3, 4)$. The rook is moved up two spaces. Then it is moved three spaces to the left. What is the rook's final position? What is the rule for the translation that moves the rook from its starting position to its final position?

$(0, 6); (x-3, y+2)$

$\sqrt{(-3, 2)}$

Lesson Quiz: Part I

1. Tell whether the transformation appears to be a translation.



9-2 Translations

Translate the figure with the given vertices according to the given translation

3. $G(8, 2)$, $H(-4, 5)$, $I(3, -1)$; along the vector $\langle -2, 0 \rangle$

$$G'(6, 2) \quad H'(-6, 5) \quad I'(1, -1)$$

4. $S(0, -7)$, $T(-4, 4)$, $U(-5, 2)$, $V(8, 1)$; along the vector $\langle -4, 5 \rangle$

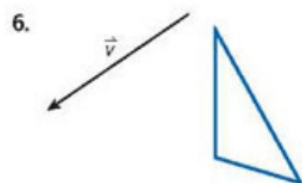
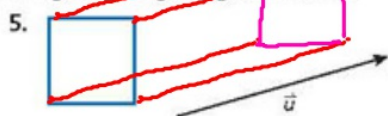
$$S'(-4, -2) \quad T'(-8, 9) \quad U'(-9, 7) \quad V'(4, 6)$$

GUIDED PRACTICE

Tell whether each transformation appears to be a translation.



Multi-Step Copy each figure and the translation vector. Draw the translation of the figure along the given vector.

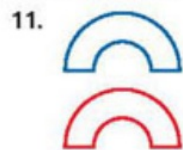


Translate the figure with the given vertices along the given vector.

7. $A(-4, -4), B(-2, -3), C(-1, 3); \langle 5, 0 \rangle$
8. $R(-3, 1), S(-2, 3), T(2, 3), U(3, 1); \langle 0, -4 \rangle$
9. $J(-2, 2), K(-1, 2), L(-1, -2), M(-3, -1); \langle 3, 2 \rangle$

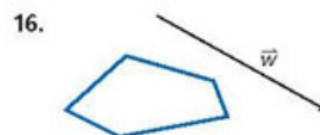
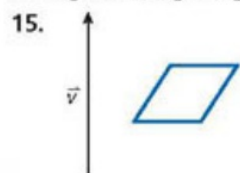
PRACTICE AND PROBLEM SOLVING

Tell whether each transformation appears to be a translation.



HW 9.2 Online
p614 #1-9, 11-20

Multi-Step Copy each figure and the translation vector. Draw the translation of the figure along the given vector.



Translate the figure with the given vertices along the given vector.

17. $P(-1, 2), Q(1, -1), R(3, 1), S(2, 3); \langle -3, 0 \rangle$
18. $A(1, 3), B(-1, 2), C(2, 1), D(4, 2); \langle -3, -3 \rangle$
19. $D(0, 15), E(-10, 5), F(10, -5); \langle 5, -20 \rangle$

20. **Animation** An animator draws the ladybug shown and then translates it along the vector $\langle 1, 1 \rangle$, followed by a translation of the new image along the vector $\langle 2, 2 \rangle$, followed by a translation of the second image along the vector $\langle 3, 3 \rangle$.
- a. Sketch the ladybug's final position.
 - b. What single vector moves the ladybug from its starting position to its final position?

