

7-7 Statistics

Prob.

data set: 13, 28, 32, 32, 26, 34, 26

mean: $\frac{\text{sum of \#s}}{\text{how many \#s}} = \frac{191}{7} \approx 27.3$

median: 13, 26, 26, 28, 32, 32, 34
 middle # or ave. of 2 middle #s

mode:

or #s occurring most often

range:

highest # - lowest #

standard deviation:

$$= \sqrt{\frac{(-14.3)^2 + 2(-1.3)^2 + (.7)^2 + 2(4.7)^2 + (6.7)^2}{7}} = \sqrt{\frac{297.43}{7}} \approx 6.5$$

(sigma)

34 - 13 = 21

26, 32

28

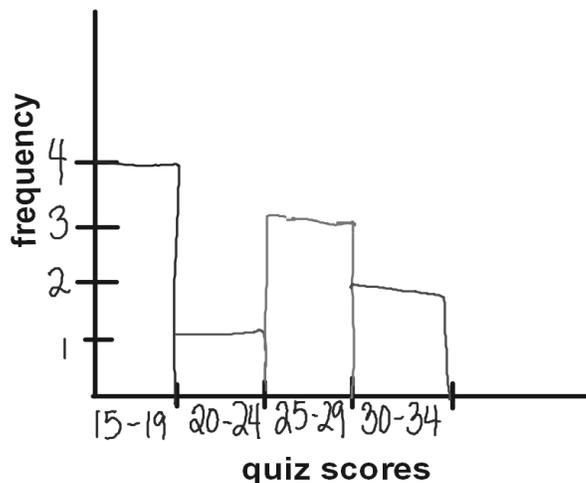
data set: 16, 25, 31, 33, 17, 28, 28, 24, 18, 15

Frequency Table

interval	tally	frequency
15-19		4
20-24		1
25-29		3
30-34		2

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Histogram



data set: 16, 25, 31, 33, 17, 28, 28, 24, 18, 15

Box-and-Whisker Plot

15, 16, 17, 18, 24, 25, 28, 28, 31, 33

MIN LQ med.=24.5 UQ MAX

upper quartile: UQ = median of upper half of data

lower quartile: LQ = median of lower half of data

